

D 3648

List of local Peace Preservation Corps and Central
Military Police stationed in Shanghai

No change took place in the distribution of the local Peace Preservation Corps and the Central Military Police stationed in Shanghai during the past month.

The following is a list showing the present disposition, strength and equipment of the local Peace Preservation Corps :-

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Strength & Equipment</u>	<u>Commander</u>	<u>Billet</u>
1st Regiment with headquarters on Dao Pu Si Road (桃浦西沟, Chenju. Commander Ngoeh Ts'en (李恩)).			
1) 1st Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	450 infantrymen, armed with rifles, 6 machine guns, and two armed motor cycles.	Major Wu Zao-kwei (吴绍魁)	Pengpu (彭浦).
2) 2nd Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	450 infantrymen, armed with 406 rifles, 4 machine guns, and 40 pistols.	Major Zang Chi-tsung (常计吾)	Tahzang (大场)
3) 3rd Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	450 infantrymen, armed with 412 rifles, and 38 pistols including 20 Mausers.	Major Wong Vee-ming (王维民)	Nanziang (南翔)
4) Special Service Company, attached to 1st Regimental Headquarters.	150 infantrymen armed with rifles.	Captain Chen Hai-san (陈海山)	250 Kung Woo Road (英租界), Chapei.
2nd Regiment with headquarters in the Military Club (陸軍俱樂部), Jin Kee Road, Nantao. Commander Zi Hsueh-chi (齊學啓).			
5) 1st Company, 1st Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Doong Pao-hwei (董保輝)	Chungshan Road, opposite to the Great China University.
6) 2nd Company, 1st Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Chenju (真如).
7) 3rd Company, 1st Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	-do-	Tan Te Wan Ka (潭子灣街), Chapei.

May 10, 1937.

Unit	Strength & Equipment	Commander	Billet
8) 4th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen armed with rifles.	Major Chow Ngoeh-teeng (周玉恒)	210 Pu Zuan Road (普善路), Chapei.
9) 5th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Chungshan Road, near Kung Woo Sing Road (共和新路), Chapei.
10) 6th Company, 2nd Battalion & Battalion Headquarters.	150 machine gunners, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	-do-	Dah Yang Jao (大泽桥), Chapei.
11) 7th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Chow Tien-chien (周天健)	Sung's Garden (沈家花园), Chungshan Road (中山路).
12) 1st and 2nd Platoons, 8th Company, 3rd Battalion.	100 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Yu Ka Zah (余家宅), Tu San Wen (土山湾), Siccawei.
13) 3rd Platoon, 8th Company, 3rd Battalion.	50 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Zung Wang Temple (城隍庙), Wong Ka Dz (王家宅), behind the Hungjao Aerodrome.
14) 9th Company, 3rd Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	150 infantrymen, armed with 106 rifles, 6 machine guns, and 40 Mauser pistols.	-do-	Tsang Ka Zah (张家宅), Tien Yah Jao Road (天缘桥路), Siccawei.
15) Signal Company, attached to the Paoantui Hdqrs.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Captain Liu Heng (刘衡)	Nyien Ka Dz Tang (严家祠堂), Zia Tu Road, Nantao.
16) Special Service Company, attached to the Paoantui Hdqrs.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Captain Wong Ts-zung (王志成)	City Government Road, Feng Ling Jao, off Route Ghisi.
17) Guards attached to 2nd Regimental Headquarters.	42 infantrymen, armed with 34 rifles and 4 light machine guns.	Reg. Comdr. Zi Heueh-chi (齐学智)	Military Club (陆军俱乐部), Jin Kee Road, Nantao.
18) "Stokes" Gun Company, attached to 2nd Regimental Headquarters.	150 infantrymen armed with rifles.	Captain Wong Nyi-ming (王佩明)	Kiangnan Arsenal (江南兵工厂), Kaochongmiao.

Total : 3,342 men

May 11, 1937.

The following is a list of Central Military Police stationed in Shanghai showing their strength and disposition :-

Unit	No. of men	Commander	Billet
2nd Regiment of the Central Military Police with headquarters in the Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters, Lunghwa. Commander Loo Yu-sung (羅友勝).			
"Stokes" Gun and Machine Gun Companies.	252	Loo Yu-sung (羅友勝)	Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters, Lunghwa.
1st Company, 1st Battalion & Battalion Hdqrs.	126	Woo Zing-zung (吳正昌)	-do-
3rd Company, 1st Battalion.	126	Kwei Vee-liang (關維良)	Wenchow Guild, Kong Ghui Road (康衛路), Nantao.
The Independent Company, of the 2nd Regiment of the Central Military Police.	126	Loo Yu-sung (羅友勝)	Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters, Lunghwa.
Guards attached to Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters.	120	Tsang Yung-nien (桑永年)	-do-

Total : 750 men

D. 3648

Copy of letter from Headquarters of Peace
Preservation Corps.

April 15, 1937.

To the Police Force of the
International Settlement.

We beg to inform you that our Headquarters
have been removed to the newly erected barracks
situated off Dau Poo Si Road (真如桃浦西路),
Chenju. Special telephone lines have been
installed, the Special Area No. being 42075; local
City Nos. 41161 and 41162. Please take note
accordingly.

Headquarters of Peace Preservation
Corps of Shanghai.

(上海市保安總司令部)

File No. 111/5

POLICE FORCE

Translation of letter to Council from the
Headquarters of the Shanghai Preservation
Corps.

Dated 15th April, 1937.)

2648 Place

Offices removed

We have removed our Headquarters to new buildings in West Tao Pu
Road, Chenju. A telephone has been installed - Special District
No. 42075, Chinese Territory No. 41161 and 41162. Please take note.

(Chopped) Headquarters of Shanghai Preservation Corps.

(Note: Received for translation late forenoon 17th April, 1937.)

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Copy of letter from Headquarters of Peace Preservation Corps.

April 15, 1937.

To the Police Force of the
International Settlement.

We beg to inform you that our Headquarters have been removed to the newly erected barracks situated off Dau Poo Si Road (真如桃浦西路), Chenju. Special telephone lines have been installed, the Special Area No. being 42075; Local City Nos. 41161 and 41162. Please take note accordingly.

Headquarters of Peace Preservation
Corps of Shanghai.

上海市保安總團部

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S. 3. W. H. Hagan

S. 4. K. Hagan

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April 18, 1936.

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At 10 a.m. April 18 some sixty ex-workers assembled in the Sales Office and demanded a satisfactory answer to their demand. Despite the advice of their delegates urging them to return home and wait for further information, the ex-workers were still on the premises at 10.40 a.m.

Miscellaneous

Anti-Opium Movement - meeting to be held in Chinese Chamber of Commerce

In connection with the anti-opium Movement, a meeting will be held at 10 a.m. April 20 in the Chinese Chamber of Commerce building, North Soochow Road. Local public bodies, schools and Kuomintang branches have been instructed by the local Tangpu to send representatives to attend the meeting.

New Commander of local Paoantui assumes office

The Shanghai Municipality Peace Preservation Corps (Paoantui) has been renamed "The Shanghai Municipality Peace Preservation Group" (Paoantuan). Major General Ki Chang-chien (吉 幸 简), a former Regimental Commander of the Military Police and newly appointed Commander of the Group in succession to General Yang Hu, who was appointed to the post of Shanghai-Woosung Garrison Commander, assumed office at 9.30 a.m. April 17 in the headquarters at Feng Ling Jao, off Route Ghisi.

Movements of Naval Vessels

The cruiser "Haichow" and the gunboat "Tehsung" left Woosung for Nanking at 11 a.m. April 17.

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April 17, 1936.

Afternoon Translation.

Central China Daily News and other local newspapers:

THE DEPORTATION OF CHINESE

Owing to the weakness of our nation, Chinese people abroad are being discriminated against. Our Ministers and Consuls in foreign countries may open negotiations over this discrimination, but their efforts usually end in nothing.

According to information secured from the Overseas Chinese Affairs Bureau, 54 Chinese have been deported from Canada and 55 from Japan since this year.

It is understood that the Bureau is devising ways and means to render them relief.

Shun Pao and other local newspapers:

GROUP OF EIGHT CHINESE RETURN FROM SOVIET RUSSIA

A number of Chinese who have been living in U.S.S.R. arrived in Shanghai from Vladivostok on the morning of the 14th. Their names are: Yih Ching Sai (葉金山) (with his Russian wife and their son and daughter), Tsiang Tuh Tsai (蔣德南) (also with a Russian wife), Yih Yoong Fee (葉榮發) and Zung Kyi (陳記).

Yih Ching Sai together with his wife and children has been sent to his native place in Chekiang on the s.s. "Hai Ien" by the Shanghai Bureau of the Overseas Chinese Affairs Commission with the China Merchants Steam Navigation Company. The remaining four persons including the Russian wife of Tsiang Tuh Tsai are being temporarily accommodated in the Yeeh Lai Lodging House in Nantao and will later be given positions in the Overseas Chinese Village.

A reporter of this paper learned from Tsiang Tuh Tsai that this group of eight persons left Moscow for Vladivostok at the beginning of last month. At Vladivostok they had to wait more than 20 days for a ship to Shanghai. Tsiang stated that 16 other Chinese who were unable to make the trip to China because of lack of funds have applied to the Chinese Embassy at Moscow for assistance. The reporter learned that Tsiang and the others who returned with him worked as hawkers in Russia. They had put aside a little money but it was taken away from them when they boarded the ship at Vladivostok, because according to law they were not allowed to carry Russian money out of that country. As a result they were destitute.

Shun Pao and other local newspapers:

THE NEW CHIEF OF THE PEACE PRESERVATION GROUP

After General Yang Fu, the former Chief of the Peace Preservation Corps, was promoted Woosung-Shanghai Garrison Commissioner, the Peace Preservation Corps was reorganized into a Shanghai Peace Preservation Group.

It is understood that Mayer Wu Te Chen has appointed Chih Tsung Chi (齊宗奇) as Chief of the Peace Preservation Group with Wen Hwa Zou (文華祖) as Deputy-Chief. Chih Tsung Chi will assume office this morning.

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APPENDIX

June 7, 1935

Peace Preservation Corps and Central Military Police

The following table gives the present disposition, strength and equipment of the local Peace Preservation Corps :-

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Strength & Equipment</u>	<u>Commander</u>	<u>Billet</u>
The 1st Regiment with Headquarters in the Police Training Depot, 250 Kung Woo Road (共和路), Chapei. Commander Chen Tso-ming (陳卓民).			
1) 2nd & 4th Companies, 1st Battalion, and Battalion Hqrs.	300 infantrymen, armed with rifles, 6 machine guns, 2 of a light pattern and 2 motor cycles.	Major Mi Hsi (宓 熙)	222 Tien Tung An Road (天通庵路) Chapei.
2) 1st Company, 1st Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Liuho (潞河).
3) Special Service Company, 1st Regimental Hqrs.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Captain Chen Hai-san (陳海珊)	250 Kung Woo Road (共和路) Chapei.
4) 6th Company, 2nd Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Wu Zuan Sing (吳傳新)	-do-
5) 5th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Pu Zuan Guild, (普善山莊) 210 Pu Zuan Road, Chapei.
6) 8th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 4 machine guns, 40 pistols and 106 rifles.	-do-	Kwangtsao Guild (廣生山莊), 591 Kwangtsao Road, Chapei.
7) 12th Company, 3rd Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	150 infantrymen, armed with 106 rifles and 10 pistols.	-do-	381 Tai Yang Miao Road (太陽廟路), Chapei.
8) 9th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 132 rifles, 14 Mauser pistols and 4 pistols.	Major Wong Vee Ming (王維明)	Sing Ming Road (彭民路), near Han Chia (旱橋), Chapei.
9) 10th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 140 rifles, 6 Mauser pistols and 4 pistols.	-do-	Nanziang (南莊).

June 7, 1935.

Unit	Strength & Equipment	Commander	Billet
The 2nd Regiment with Headquarters in the Military Club (陸軍俱樂部), Jin Kee Road (謹記路), Siccawei. Commander Hsu Hsueh-chi (許學智).			
10) 2nd Company, 1st Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Doong Pao Hwei (童保輝)	61 Tan Ka Jao Road (淡加橋路), Chapei.
11) 1st Company, 1st Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Chuensha (川沙).
12) 4th Company, 1st Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	-do-	36 Doong Ka Zeh (董家宅), Pangpu Village.
13) Special Service Company, attached to Paoantui Headquarters.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles and 3 motor trucks.	Captain Wong Tsz-zung (王志成)	Former Adm. Building of the City Government, off Route Ghisi.
14) Signal Corps, Paoantui Headquarters.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Liu Heng (劉衡)	Guild of Tung-chow, Jukno, Tsungming and Haimen Fellow Countrymen (通如崇海會館) on Zia Tu Road (斜土路), Nan-tao.
15) Guards attached to 2nd Regimental Headquarters.	32 infantrymen, armed with 34 rifles and 4 light machine guns.	Reg. Comdr. Hsu Hsueh-chi (許學智)	Military Club, Jin Kee Road (謹記路), Siccawei.
16) "Stokes" Gun Company, 2nd Regimental Headquarters.	150 "stokes" gunners, armed with 6 "stokes" guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	-do-	Kiangnan Arsenal (兵工廠), Kaohongmiao.
17) 8th Company, 2nd Battalion, and Battalion Headquarters.	150 machine gunners, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	Major Chow Ngho-tseng (周玉楨)	Soong Ka Zu (宋家祠), an ancestral temple at San Koh Di (三角地), Siccawei.
18) 5th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Ping Kiang (平江) Guild, 1541 Chung Hwa Sing Road (中華新路), Chapei.
19) 6th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Sung's Garden (沈家花園), near the No. 1 Bridge on Chung-shan Road.

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June 7, 1935.

Unit	Strength & Equipment	Commander	Billet
20) 12th Company, 3rd Battalion, 2nd Regiment.	150 machine gunners armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	Major Chow Tien-chien (周天健)	Hsu's Garden (徐家花園), Si Kwang Foh Road (西光復路), Chepei.
21) 9th Company, 3rd Battalion, 2nd Regiment.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	2659 Chungshan Road (中山路).
22) 10th Company, 3rd Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	San Ching Miao (三經廟) Keswick Road.

Total : 3,342 men.

The following table shows the disposition and strength of the
Central Military Police stationed in Shanghai and vicinity :

The 2nd Regiment with Headquarters in the Woosung-Shanghai Defence
Commissioner's Headquarters, Lunghwa. Commander Loo Yu-sung
(羅友勝).

"Stokes" gun and Machine Gun Companies, attached to Regimental Headquarters.	252 gunners.	Reg. Comdr. Loo Yu-sung (羅友勝)	Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters.
1st Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	378 men.	Major Sung Yao Hwa (沈雅華)	-do-
4th Company, 2nd Battalion and Battalion Hdqrs.	126 men.	Ming Chi-shih (閔時濟)	Soochow. (蘇州)
5th Company, 2nd Battalion.	126 men.	-do-	Changchow (常州)
6th Company, 2nd Battalion.	126 men.	-do-	Wusih. (蕪湖)
8th Company, 3rd Battalion.	126 men.	Woo Koo (胡欽)	Wenchow Guild (溫州會館), Kong Ghai Road, (康橋路), Nantao.
7th Company, 3rd Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	126 men.	Zia Loh-kwang (謝祿光)	Sungkiang (松江).
9th Company, 3rd Battalion.	126 men.	Liu Pah-heng (劉伯恆)	Fengking (楓涇).
Guards attached to Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters.	120 men.	Chwang Yung Nyien (章永年)	Defence Commissioner's Headquarters, Lunghwa.

APPENDIX

May 6, 1935.

Peace Preservation Corps and Central Military Police

The following table gives the present disposition, strength and equipment of the local Peace Preservation Corps :-

Unit	Strength & Equipment	Commander	Billet
The 1st Regiment with Headquarters in the Police Training Depot, 250 Kung Woo Road (共和路), Chapei. Commander Chen Tso-ming (陳卓民).			
1) 2nd & 4th Companies, 1st Battalion, and Battalion Hdqrs.	300 infantrymen, armed with rifles, 6 machine guns, 2 of a light pattern and 2 motor cycles.	Major Mi Hsi (米熙)	222 Tien Tung An Road (天通庵路), Chapei.
2) 1st Company, 1st Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Liuho (瀏河).
3) Special Service Company, 1st Regimental Hdqrs.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Captain Chen Hsi-san (陳海珊)	250 Kung Woo Road (共和路), Chapei.
4) 6th Company, 2nd Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Wu Zuan Sing (吳佐新)	-do-
5) 5th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Pu Zuan Guild, (普善莊) 210 Pu Zuan Road, Chapei.
6) 8th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 4 machine guns, 40 pistols and 106 rifles.	-do-	Kwangtsao Guild, (廣澤莊) 591 Kwangtsao Road, Chapei.
7) 12th Company, 3rd Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	150 infantrymen, armed with 106 rifles and 10 pistols.	-do-	381 Tai Yang Miao Road (太陽廟), Chapei.
8) 9th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 132 rifles, 14 Mauser pistols and 4 pistols.	Major Wong Vee Ming (王惟明)	Sing Ming Road (新明路), near Han Chiao (旱橋), Chapei.
9) 10th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 140 rifles, 6 Mauser pistols and 4 pistols.	-do-	Nanziang (南翔).

May 7, 1935.

Unit	Strength & Equipment	Commander	Billet
The 2nd Regiment with Headquarters in the Military Club (陸軍俱樂部), Jin Kee Road (謹記路), Siccawei. Commander Hsu Hsueh-chi (許學智).			
10) 2nd Company, 1st Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Doong Pao Hwei (董保輝)	61 Tan Ka Jao Road (談嘉路), Chapei.
11) 1st Company, 1st Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Chuenaha (川沙).
12) 4th Company, 1st Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	-do-	36 Doong Ka Zah (董家宅), Pangpu Village.
13) Special Service Company, attached to Paoantui Hdqrs.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles and 3 motor trucks.	Captain Wong Taz-zung (王志成)	Former Adm. Building of the City Government, off Route Ghiai.
14) Signal Corps, Paoantui Hdqrs.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Liu Heng (劉衡)	Guild of Tungchow, Jukeo, Taungning and Haimen Fellow Countrymen (通如縣公會) on 21a Tu Road (斜土路), Nentao.
15) Guards attached to 2nd Regiment-armed with 34 light machine guns.	42 infantrymen, armed with 34 light machine guns.	Reg. Comdr. Hsu Hsueh-chi (許學智)	Military Club, Jin Kee Road (謹記路), Siccawei.
16) "Stokes" Gun Company, 2nd Regimental Headquarters.	150 "stokes" gunners, armed with 6 "stokes" guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	-do-	Kiangnan Arsenal (英工廠), Kaochongmiao.
17) 8th Company, 2nd Battalion, and Battalion Headquarters.	150 machine gunners, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	Major Chow Ngoh-tseng (周玉成)	Soong Ka Zu (宋嘉祖), an ancestral temple at San Koh Di (三角地), Siccawei.
18) 5th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Ping Kieng (平江) Guild, 1541 Chung Hwa Sing (中華新街) Road, Chapei.
19) 6th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Sung's Garden (宋花園), near the No. 1 Bridge on Chungshan Road.

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May 7, 1935.

Unit	Strength & Equipment	Commander	Billet
20) 12th Company, 3rd Battalion, 2nd Regiment.	150 machine gunners armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	Major Chow Tien-chien (周天健)	Hsu's Garden (徐家花园), Si Kwang Foh Road (西光佛路), Chapei.
21) 9th Company, 3rd Battalion, 2nd Regiment.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	2659 Chungshan Road (中山路).
22) 10th Company, 3rd Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	San Ching Miao (三圣庙), Keewick Road.
Total :		3342 men.	

The following table shows the disposition and strength of the Central Military Police stationed in Shanghai and vicinity :

The 2nd Regiment with Headquarters in the Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters, Lunghwa. Commander Loo Yu-sung (羅友勝).

"Stokes" Gun and Machine Gun Companies, attached to Regimental Headquarters.	252 gunners.	Reg. Comdr. Loo Yu-sung.	Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters, Lunghwa.
1st Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	378 men.	Major Sung Yao Hwa (沈耀華)	-do-
2nd Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	378 men.	Ming Chi-shih (明時濟)	-do-
8th Company, 3rd Battalion.	126 men	Woo Koo (胡猷)	Wenchow Guild (溫州會館), Kong Chui Road (康衢路), Nantao.
7th Company, 3rd Battalion and Battalion Hdqrs.	126 men	Zia Loh-kwang (謝祿光)	Sungkiang (松江)
9th Company, 3rd Battalion.	126 men	Liu Pah-heng (劉伯恆)	Fengking (楓泾)
Guards attached to Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters.	120 men	Chwang Yung- nyien (章永年)	Defence Commissioner's Headquarters, Lunghwa.

APPENDIX

April 4, 1935.

Peace Preservation Corps and Central Military Police

The following table gives the present disposition, strength and equipment of the local Peace Preservation Corps :-

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Strength & Equipment</u>	<u>Commander</u>	<u>Billet</u>
The 1st Regiment with Headquarters in the Police Training Depot, 250 Kung Woo Road (共和路), Chapei. Commander Chen Tso-ming (陈卓民).			
1) 2nd & 4th Companies, 1st Battalion with Battalion Hdqrs.	300 infantrymen, armed with rifles, 6 machine guns, 2 of a light pattern and 2 motor cycles.	Major Mi Hsi (完熙)	222 Tien Tung An Road (天通庵路), Chapei.
2) 1st Company, 1st Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Nanziang (南翔).
3) Special Service Company, 1st Regimental Hdqrs.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Captain Chen Hai-san (陈海珊)	250 Kung Woo Road (共和路), Chapei.
4) 6th Company, 2nd Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Wu Zou Sing (吴铸荪)	-do-
5) 5th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Fu Zuan Guild (普善山莊), 210 Fu Zuan Road, Chapei.
6) 8th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 4 machine guns, 40 pistols and 106 rifles	-do-	Kwangtao Guild (廣肇山莊), 591 Kwangtao Road, Chapei.
7) 12th Company, 3rd Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	150 infantrymen, armed with 106 rifles and 10 pistols.	-do-	381 Tai Yang Miao Road (太陽廟路), Chapei.
8) 9th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 132 rifles, 14 Mauser pistols and 4 pistols.	Major Wong Vee Ming (王惟明)	Sing Ming Road (新民路), near Han Chiao (旱橋), Chapei.
9) 10th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 140 rifles, 6 Mauser pistols and 4 pistols.	-do-	Liuho (浏河).

April 4, 1935.

Unit	Strength & Equipment	Commander	Billet
The 2nd Regiment with Headquarters in the Military Club (陸軍俱樂部), Jin Kee Road (謹記路), Siccawei. Commander Hsu Hsueh-chi.			
10) 2nd Company, 1st Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Doong Pao Hwei (童葆輝)	61 Tan Ka Chiao (談家橋), Chapei.
11) 1st Company, 1st Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Chuenaha (川沙).
12) 4th Company, 1st Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	-do-	36 Doong Ka Zah (童家宅), Pangpu Village (彭浦).
13) Special Service Company, attached to Paoantui Hdqrs.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles and 3 motor trucks.	Captain Wong Tsz-zung (王志成)	Former Adm. Building of the City Government, off Route Ghisi.
14) Signal Corps, Paoantui Hdqrs.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Liu Heng (劉衡)	Guild of Tungchow, Jukao, Tsungming and Haimen Fellow Countrymen (通如崇海會館) on Zia Tu Road (敘土路), Nantao.
15) Guards attached to 2nd Regimental Headquarters.	42 infantrymen, armed with 34 rifles and 4 light machine guns.	Reg. Comdr. Hsu Hsueh-chi (齊學啓)	Military Club, Jin Kee Road (謹記路), Siccawei.
16) "Stokes" Gun Company, 2nd Regimental Headquarters.	150 "stokes" gunners, armed with 6 "stokes", 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	-do-	Kiangnan Arsenal (高昌南兵工廠), Kaochongmiao.
17) 8th Company, 2nd Battalion, and Battalion Headquarters.	150 machine gunners armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	Major Chow Ngoh-tseng (周玉楨)	Soong Ka Zu (宋家祠), an ancestral temple at San Koh Di (三角地), Siccawei.
18) 5th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Ping Kiang (平江) Guild, 1541 Chung Hwa Sing (中華新路) Road, Chapei.
19) 6th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Sung's Garden (沈家花園), near the No. 1 Bridge on Chungshan Road.

April 4, 1935.

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Unit	Strength & Equipment	Commander	Billet
20) 12th Company, 3rd Battalion, 2nd Regiment.	150 machine gunners, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	Major Chow Tien-chien (周天健)	Hsu's Garden (徐家花園), Si Kwang Foh Road (光復路), Chapei.
21) 9th Company, 3rd Battalion, 2nd Regiment.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	2659 Chungshan Road.
22) 10th Company, 3rd Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	150 infantrymen armed with rifles.	-do-	San Ching Miao (三淨廟), Keewick Road.
Total :-	3342 men.		

The following table shows the disposition and strength of the Central Military Police in Shanghai and vicinity.

The 2nd Regiment with Headquarters in the Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters, Lunghwa.
Commander Loo Yu-sung (羅友勝).

"Stokes" Gun and Machine Gun Companies, attached to Regimental Headquarters.	252 gunners.	Reg. Comdr. Loo Yu-sung.	Woo-shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters, Lunghwa.
1st Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	378 men.	Major Sung Yao Hwa (沈耀華)	-do-
2nd Battalion and Battalion Hdqrs.	378 men	Ming Chi-shih (明齊時)	-do-
8th Company, 3rd Battalion.	126 men.	Woo Koo (胡顧)	Wenchow Guild (溫州會館), Kong Ghui Road (康衢路), Nantao.
7th Company, 3rd Battalion and Battalion Hdqrs.	126 men	Zia Loh-kwang (謝祿光)	Sungkiang (松江)
9th Company, 3rd Battalion.	126 men	Liu Peh-heng (劉伯恆)	Fengking (楓澤)
Guards attached to Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters.	120 men	Chwang Yung-nyien (章永年)	Defence Commissioner's Headquarters, Lunghwa.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE	
S. B. REGISTRY.	
No. <u>D 3648</u>	
Date <u>18, 3, 35.</u>	

March 18, 1935.

Military

Movement of Chekiang Peace Preservation Corps

D 3648
The 3rd Battalion (450 strong), 6th Regiment of the Chekiang Peace Preservation Corps arrived at Nantao Bund for Haimen by the s.s. "Chusan" at 6 a.m. March 17 and left for Hangchow at 9.50 a.m.

Military Uniforms for Yunnan

The 10,000 uniforms for the troops under the command of General Loong Yung (龍雲), Chairman of Yunnan Provincial Government, which arrived here from Nanking on March 15, were shipped to Kwangtung by the s.s. "An Shing" at 5 p.m. March 17, en route to Yunnan.

March 13, 1935.

Political (4)

North Eastern Problems Research Society

The office of the North Eastern Problems Research Society was on March 10 removed from 375 Route Villion to Lane 166, No.4 Rue Tenant de la Tour.

Cotton Mill Owners Association - members to reduce working expenditure

Thirteen members of the Chinese Cotton Mill Owners' Association at a tiffin held in their office at 260 Avenue Edward VII on March 12, decided to urge all members to reduce the overhead charges of their plants in order to maintain operations.

Opposition to increase in telephone rates

The Chinese Chamber of Commerce on March 12, sent a letter to the S.M.C. requesting it not to approve the increase in the telephone rate.

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Military

Movement of Chekiang Peace Preservation Corps

80 men of the Machine Gun Company, 1st Battalion, 6th Regiment of the Chekiang Peace Preservation Corps, arrived at Shanghai South Station from Hangchow at 8 a.m. March 12 and left Nantao Bund for Taichow, Chekiang, by the s.s. "Tah Shing" at 5 p.m. the same day.

APPENDIX

March 26, 1935.

Peace Preservation Corps and Central Military Police

The following table gives the present disposition, strength and equipment of the local Peace Preservation Corps :-

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Strength & Equipment</u>	<u>Commander</u>	<u>Billet</u>
The 1st Regiment with Headquarters in the Police Training Depot, 250 Kung Woo Road (共和路), Chapei. Commander Chen Tso-ming (陳卓民).			
1) 2nd & 4th Companies, 1st Battalion with Battalion Hdqrs.	300 infantrymen, armed with rifles, 6 machine guns, 2 of a light pattern and 2 motor cycles.	Major Mi Hsi (宓熙)	222 Tien Tung An Road (天通庵路), Chapei.
2) 1st Company, 1st Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Nanziang (南翔).
3) Special Service Company, 1st Regimental Hdqrs.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Captain Chen Hai-san (陳海珊)	250 Kung Woo Road (共和路), Chapei.
4) 6th Company, 2nd Battalion, and Battalion Headquarters.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Wu Zeu Sing (吳偉新)	-do-
5) 5th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Pu Zuan (普善山莊) Guild, Pu Zuan Road (普善路), Chapei.
6) 8th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 4 machine guns, 40 pistols and 106 rifles.	-do-	Kwangtsao Guild (廣肇山莊), Kwangtsao Road, Chapei.
7) 9th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 132 rifles, 14 Mauser pistols and 4 pistols.	Major Wong Vee Ming (王惟明)	Sing Ming Road (靜民路), near Han Chiao (旱橋), Chapei.
8) 10th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 140 rifles, 6 Mauser pistols and 4 pistols.	-do-	Liuho (浏河).
9) 12th Company, 3rd Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	150 infantrymen, armed with 106 rifles and 10 pistols.	-do-	381 Tai Yang Miao (太陽廟), Chapei.

March 8, 1935.

Unit	Strength & Equipment	Commander	Billet
The 2nd Regiment with Headquarters in the Military Club (陸軍俱樂部), Jin Kee Road (謹記路), Siccawei. Commander Hsu Hsueh-chi (齊學啓).			
10) 2nd Company, 1st Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Doong Pao Hwei (童保暉)	531 Pu Zuan Road (普善路), Chapei.
11) 1st Company, 1st Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Chuensha (川沙).
12) 4th Company, 1st Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	-do-	36 Doong Ka Zah (童家宅), Pangpu Village (彭浦).
13) Special Service Company, attached to Paoantui Hdqrs.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles and 3 motor trucks.	Captain Wong Taz-zung (王志成)	Former Adm. Building of the City Government, off Route Ghisi.
14) Signal Corps, Paoantui Hdqrs.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Liu Heng (劉衡)	Guild of Tungchow, Jukao, Tsungming and Haimen Fellow Countrymen (通如崇 海會館) on Zia Tu Road (敘土路), Nantao.
15) Guards attached to 2nd Regi- mental Hdqrs.	42 infantrymen, armed with 34 rifles and 4 light machine guns.	Reg. Comdr. Zi Hsueh-chi (齊學啓)	Military Club, Jin Kee Road (謹記路), Siccawei.
16) "Stokes" Gun Company, 2nd Regimental Headquarters.	150 "stokes" gunners armed with 6 "stokes" guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	-do-	Kiangnan Arsenal (高昌廟兵工廠), Keochongmiao.
17) 8th Company, 2nd Battalion, and Battalion Headquarters.	150 machine gunners armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	Major Tseu Ping (鄒斌)	Soong Ka Zu (宋嘉利), an ancestral temple at San Koh Di (三角地), Siccawei.
18) 5th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Peilungkiang (白龍港), Pootung.
19) 6th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Sung's Garden (沈家花園), near the No. 1 Bridge on Chungshan Rd.
20) 12th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 machine gunners armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	Major Chow Tien-chien (周天健)	Hsu's Garden (徐家花園), Si Kwang Foh Road (光復路), Chapei.

March 8, 1935.

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Strength & Equipment</u>	<u>Commander</u>	<u>Billet</u>
21) 9th Company, 3rd Battalion, 2nd Regiment.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Chow Tien-chien (周天健)	2659 Chungshan Road.
22) 10th Company, 3rd Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	150 infantrymen armed with rifles.	-do-	San Ching Miao (三徑廟), Keswick Road.
Total :-	3342 men.		

The following table shows the disposition and strength of the Central Military Police in Shanghai and vicinity :

The 2nd Regiment with Headquarters in the Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters, Lunghwa.
Commander Loo Yu-sung (羅友勝).

"Stokes" Gun and Machine Gun Companies attached to Regimental Headquarters.	252 gunners.	Reg. Comdr. Loo Yu-sung (羅友勝).	Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters, Lunghwa.
1st Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	378 men.	Major Sung Yao Hwa (沈耀華)	-do-
2nd Battalion and Battalion Hdqrs.	378 men.	Major Ming Chi-shih (明奇時)	-do-
8th Company, 3rd Battalion.	126 men.	Woo Koo (胡頌)	Wenchow Guild (溫州會館), Kong Chui Road (康衢路), Nantao.
7th Company, 3rd Battalion and Battalion Hdqrs.	126 men.	Zia Loh-kwang (謝祿光)	Sungkiang (松江).
9th Company, 3rd Battalion.	126 men.	Liu Peh-heng (劉伯恆)	Fengking (楓淦).
Total :-	1386 men.		
Guards attached to Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters.	120 men.	Chwang Yung- nyien (章永年)	Defence Commissioner's Headquarters, Lunghwa.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
S. B. REGISTRY.
No. D. 3648
Date 2. 3. 1935

March 2, 1935.

Military

Munitions - sent from Kiangnan Arsenal to Nanking

Six small calibre guns, 2,000 shells for same and 1,680 rifles, hitherto stored in the Kiangnan Arsenal, Kaochongmiao, were sent to Nanking by rail at 9.15 a.m. March 1.

Wounded and Disbanded soldiers - arrive in Shanghai

Some 200 wounded soldiers formerly accommodated in the Field Hospital of National Troops engaged in bandit-suppression in Fokien, arrived at Nantao Bund by the S.S. "Fu Loong" at 1 p.m. March 1 and will leave for Nanking by the same vessel on March 2 for the purpose of receiving medical treatment in hospitals there.

Some 250 disbanded soldiers of the 9th, 80th and 83rd Divisions in Fokien, who arrived in Shanghai by the same steamer, dispersed on their arrival.

Trained recruits for Chekiang Peace Preservation Corps - arrive at Shanghai

Some 160 recruits who have received the necessary course of training at the Hangchow Training Depot, arrived at Shanghai by rail at 9.30 a.m. March 1. They are now at Shanghai South Station pending ship accommodation to Wenchow where they will join the 1st Regiment of the Chekiang Peace Preservation Corps.

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February 14, 1935.

Military

Aged and Unfit soldiers - en route from Fokien to Nanking

Some three hundred unfit and aged soldiers of the 49th, 78th and 88th Divisions of the Eastern Route (Fokien) Field Headquarters arrived at Pootung from Fokien on February 12, 1935, and were repatriated to Nanking by train at 11 p.m. February 13. Each of them, it is learned, was given 20 cents before departure by a representative of the Bureau of Social Affairs.

Movement of Chekiang Peace Preservation Corps

D3648. The 3rd Company (some 120 strong), 1st Battalion 6th Regiment of the Chekiang Peace Preservation Corps, which arrived here on February 3 (Vide I.R. 13/2/35), left the South Station for Hangchow at 10 a.m. February 13.

Artillery en route from Fokien to Ichang

At 10 a.m. February 13, some 500 troops of the Artillery Battalion of the 4th Division, together with 7 small calibre guns, 3 mountain guns, and 6 "Stokes" guns, in addition to military accoutrements, arrived at Nantao Bund by the s.s. "Yuan An" and left by the same boat for Ichang at 6 a.m. February 14.

Some 90 disbanded soldiers of the Eastern Route (Fokien) Field Headquarters arrived on the same boat from Fokien. Of this number, fifty disembarked on arrival here, while the remaining forty continued on to Ichang.

Political (4) February 13, 1935.

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A meeting of the committee in question was scheduled to be held on February 12 for the purpose of discussing the increase in telephone charges but owing to the differences in opinion, proved abortive. Yih Kai-shing's opponents submitted a proposal that all military or quasi-military men should be excluded from participation in Citizens' movements (Yih Kai-shing is Chief of the Shanghai Office of the 26th Division of the Nationalist Army and once used his military status to escape the jurisdiction of the Court (Hsu Ngoeh-ying Case - Vide I.R. 5/4/34). Yih and his supporters retaliated by demanding an audit of the accounts of the funeral affairs of the 'patriot' Pan Hung Sung. The meeting thereupon broke up in disorder.

X

Military

Movement of Chekiang Peace Preservation Corps

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The 3rd Company (some 120 strong), 1st Battalion, 6th Regiment of the Chekiang Peace Preservation, stationed in Taichow, arrived at Nantao Bund from Haimen by the s.s. "Mou Lee" at 8 a.m. February 13. They subsequently proceeded to Shanghai South Station and remain there pending transportation to Hangchow.

Peace Preservation Corps and Central Military Police

The following table gives the present disposition, strength and equipment of the local Peace Preservation Corps :-

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Strength & Equipment</u>	<u>Commander</u>	<u>Billet</u>
The 1st Regiment with Headquarters in the Police Training Depot, 250 Kung Woo Road (共和路), Chapei. Commander Chen Tso-ming (陳卓民).			
1) 2nd & 4th Companies, 1st Battalion with Hqrs.	300 infantrymen, armed with rifles, 6 machine guns, 2 of a light pattern and 2 motor cycles.	Major Mi Hsi (宓熙)	222 Tien Tung An Road (天通庵路), Chapei.
2) 1st Company, 1st Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	433 Paoshan Road, (宝善路) near Pao Tung (宝通路). Road, Chapei.
3) Special Service Company, 1st Regimental Hqrs.	-do-	Captain Chen Hai-san (陳海珊)	250 Kung Woo Road (共和路), Chapei.
4) 6th Company, 2nd Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	-do-	Major Wu Zew Sing (吳佐英)	-do-
5) 5th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	210 Pu Zuan Road (普善路), Chapei.
6) 8th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 4 machine guns, 40 pistols and 106 rifles.	-do-	591 Kwangtsao Road (廣肇路), Chapei.
7) 9th Company, 3rd Battalion	150 infantrymen, armed with 132 rifles, 14 Mauser pistols and 4 pistols.	Major Wong Vee Ming (王維明)	Sing Ming Road (新明路), near Han Chiao (旱橋), Chapei.
8) 10th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 140 rifles, 6 Mauser pistols & 4 pistols.	-do-	Liuho (劉河).
9) 12th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 106 rifles and 10 pistols.	-do-	Changhwapang Station (張華法), Woozung.

The Headquarters of the 3rd Battalion, 1st Regiment, is established at No. 381 Tai Yang Miao Road, Chapei.

February 9, 1935.

Unit	Strength & Equipment	Commander	Billet
The 2nd Regiment with Headquarters in the Military Club (陸軍俱樂部), Jin Kee Road (津記路), Siccawei. Commander Hsu Hsueh-chi (許學奇).			
10) 1st and 2nd Companies, 1st Battalion.	300 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Doong Pao Hwei (童葆暉)	531 Pu Zuan Road (普善路), Chapei.
11) 4th Company, 1st Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	-do-	36 Doong Ka Zah (童家宅), Pangpu (彭浦).
12) Special Service Company, attached to Peoantui Hdqrs.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles and 3 motor trucks.	Captain Wen Hwa Lri (文華雷)	Former Adm. Bldg. of the City Government, off Route Ghisi.
13) Signal Corps, Peoantui Hdqrs.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Lt. Loh Yoeh-ling (陸毓林)	Guild of Tungchow, Jukeo, Taungming and Haimen Fellow Countrymen (通如崇海會館) on Zia Tu Road, Nanteo.
14) Guards attached to 2nd Regimental Hdqrs.	42 infantrymen, armed with 34 rifles and 4 light machine guns.	Reg. Com. Hsu Hsueh-chi (許學奇)	Military Club, Jin Kee Road (津記路), Siccawei.
15) "Stokes" Gun Company, 2nd Regimental Headquarters.	150 "stokes" gunners, armed with 6 "stokes" guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	-do-	Kiangnan Arsenal (尚昌西兵工廠), Kaochongmiao.
16) 8th Company, 2nd Battalion, and Battalion Headquarters.	150 machine gunners, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	Major Chow Ping (鄭平武)	Soong Ka Zu (宋家祠), an ancestral temple at San Koh Di (三南地), Siccawei.
17) 5th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Lunghwa Road, next to the Defence Commissioner's Headquarters.
18) 6th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Zu Hong Guild (諸公祠), Chung Shan Road (near the No. 1 Bridge on the road).
19) 12th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 machine gunners, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	Major Chow Tien-chien (周天健)	Hsu's Garden (徐家花園), Si Kwang Foh Road, (西光復路), Chapei.

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February 9, 1935.

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Strength & Equipment</u>	<u>Commander</u>	<u>Billet</u>
20) 9th Company, 3rd Battalion, 2nd Regiment.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Chow Tien Chien (周天健)	2659 Chung Shan Road (中山路).
21) 10th Company, 3rd Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	-do-	-do-	San Ching Miao (三圣庙), Keswick Road.

The following table shows the disposition and strength of the Central Military Police in Shanghai.

The 5th Regiment with Headquarters in the Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters, Lunghwa.
Commander Lai Yui Tung (罗道东).

"Stokes" Gun Company.	126 "stokes" gunners.	Chao Soh-ping (曹叔平)	Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters, Lunghwa.
Machine Gun Company.	126 machine gunners.	Tai Yao-tien (戴尧天)	-do-
Headquarters of the 1st Battalion, 5th Regiment.		Chen Tsong-moh (陈尊谔)	-do-
2nd Company, 1st Battalion.	126 men.	Yang Shao-chien (杨绍基)	-do-
3rd Company, 1st Battalion.	126 men.	Sung Ming-tsai (孙明斋)	Wenchow Guild, Kong Ghui Road (温州会馆, Nantao.
1st Company, 1st Battalion.	126 men.	Zeng Tuh (曾德)	Sungkiang.
Guards attached to Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters.	120 men.	Chwang Yung-nyien (章永年)	Defence Commissioner's Headquarters, Lunghwa.

January 9, 1935.

A. APPENDIXPeace Preservation Corps and Central Military Police

The following table gives the present disposition, strength and equipment of the local Peace Preservation Corps :-

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Strength & Equipment</u>	<u>Commander</u>	<u>Billet</u>
The 1st Regiment with Headquarters in the Police Training Depot, 250 Kung Woo Road (共和路), Chapei. Commander Chen Tso-ming (陳卓民).			
1) 1st & 4th Companies, 1st Battalion with Battalion Hdqrs.	300 infantrymen, armed with rifles, 6 machine guns, 2 of a light pattern and 2 motor cycles.	Major Mi Hai (宓熙)	222 Tien Tung An Road (天通庵路), Chapei.
2) 2nd Company, 1st Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Nanziang Railway Station (南翔車站).
3) Special Service Company, 1st Regimental Hdqrs.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Captain Chen Hai-san (陳海珊)	250 Kung Woo Road (共和路), Chapei.
4) 6th Company, 2nd Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Wu Zeu Sing (吳傳新)	-do-
5) 5th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Changhwapang (張華浜), Woosung.
6) 8th Company, 2nd Battalion	150 infantrymen, armed with 4 machine guns, 40 pistols and 106 rifles.	-do-	Kwangtsao Guild (廣肇會館), 591 Kwangtsao Road, Chapei.
7) 9th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 132 rifles, 14 Mauser pistols and 4 pistols.	Major Wong Vee Ming (王維明)	Sing Ming Road (新民路), near Han Chiao (旱橋) Chapei.
8) 10th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 140 rifles, 6 Mauser pistols and 4 pistols.	-do-	Liuho (瀏河).
9) 12th Company, 3rd Battalion	150 infantrymen, armed with 106 rifles and 10 pistols.	-do-	210 Pu Zuan Road (普善路), Chapei.

The Headquarters of the 3rd Battalion, 1st Regiment, is established at No. 381 Tai Yang Miao Road, Chapei.

January 1935

Unit

Strength &
Equipment

Commander

Detachment /

- 2nd Regiment with Headquarters in the Military Club
(陸軍俱樂部), Jin Kee Road (謹記路), Siccawei.
- 10) 1st and 2nd 300 infantrymen, Major Doeng 531 Pu Zuan Road
Companies, 1st armed with rifles. Pao Hwei (普善路), Chapei.
Battalion (董傑輝)
- 11) 4th Company, 150 infantrymen, -do- 36 Doong Ke Zah
1st Battalion. armed with 6 (董克宅), Pangpu
machine guns, 40 Village (彭浦).
Mauser pistols
and 106 rifles.
- 12) Special Service 150 infantrymen, Captain Former Adm. Bldg.
Company, armed with rifles Wen Hwa Lai of the City Govern-
attached to and 3 motor trucks. (文華路) ment, off Route
Paoantui Hdqrs. Ghisi.
- 13) Signal Corps, 150 infantrymen, Lt. Loh The Guild of Tung-
Paoantui Hdqrs. armed with rifles. Yoeh-ling chow, Jukao,
(陸毓林) Tsungning and
Haimen Fellow
Countrymen (通如路
海會館) on Zia Tu
Road, Nantao.
- 14) Guards attached 42 infantrymen, Reg. Com. Military Club, Jin
to 2nd Regi- armed with 34 Zi Hsueh-chi Kee Road (謹記路),
mental Hdqrs. rifles and 4 (齊學智) Siccawei.
light machine guns.
- 15) "Stokes" Gun 150 "stokes" -do- Kiangnan Arsenal
Company, 2nd gunners, armed with (高昌南兵工廠),
Regimental 6 "stokes" guns, Keochongmiao.
Headquarters. 40 Mauser pistols
and 106 rifles.
- 16) 8th Company, 150 machine gunners Major Soong Ke Zu
2nd Battalion, armed with 6 Tseu Ping (宋家河), an
and Battalion machine guns, 40 (邵斌) ancestral temple
Headquarters. Mauser pistols and at San Koh Di
(三角地), Siccawei.
106 rifles.
- 17) 5th Company, 150 infantrymen, -do- Lunghwa Road, next
2nd Battalion armed with rifles. to the Defence
Commissioner's
Headquarters.
- 18) 6th Company, 150 infantrymen, -do- Tsu Hong Guild (諸巷胡)
2nd Battalion armed with rifles. Chungshan Road
near the No. 1
Bridge on the road.
- 19) 10th Company, 150 infantrymen, Major Chow San Ching Miao
3rd Battalion armed with rifles. Tien Chien (三達街), Keswick
Headquarters. (周天健) Road.

No. D

January 19, 1935.

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Continued

	<u>Strength & Equipment</u>	<u>Commander</u>	<u>Billet</u>
20) 9th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Chow (周天健)	2659 Chungshan Road.
21) 12th Company, 3rd Battalion	150 machine gunners armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	-do-	Hsue's Garden (徐家花园), Si Kwang Foh Road, (西光佛路), Chapei.

The following table shows the disposition and strength of
the Central Military Police in Shanghai.

The 5th Regiment with Headquarters in the Woosung-Shanghai
Defence Commissioner's Headquarters, Lunghwa.
Commander Lai Yui Tung (藍連東).

"Stokes" Gun Company.	126 "stokes" gunners.	Zao Soh-bing (曹叔平)	Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commission- er's Headquarters, Lunghwa.
Machine Gun Company	126 machine gunners.	Tai Yao-tien (戴尧天)	-do-
2nd Company, 1st Battalion and Battalion Hdqrs.	126 men.	Chen Tsong-moh (陳聰謨)	-do-
3rd Company, 1st Battalion.	126 men	Sung Ling-tsay (孫明齋)	Wenchow Guild (溫州會館), Kong Ghui Road (康衛路), Nantao.
1st Company, 1st Battalion.	126 men	Zeng Tuh (常德)	Sungkiang. (松江)
Guards attached to Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters.	120 men	Chwang Yung- nyien (章永年)	Defence Commissioner's Headquarters, Lunghwa.

December 8, 1934.

APPENDIXPeace Preservation Corps and Central Military Police

The following table gives the present disposition, strength and equipment of the local Peace Preservation Corps :-

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Strength & Equipment</u>	<u>Commander</u>	<u>Billet</u>
The 1st Regiment with Headquarters in the Police Training Depot, 250 Kung Woo Road (共和路), Chapei. Commander Chen Tso-ming (陳卓民).			
1) 1st & 4th Companies, 1st Battalion with Hdqrs.	300 infantrymen, armed with rifles, 6 machine guns, 2 of a light pattern and 2 motor cycles.	Major Li Hsi (李熙)	222 Tien Tung An Road (天通巷路), Chapei.
2) 2nd Company, 1st Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Nanziang Railway Station (南翔車站)
3) Special Service Company, 1st Regimental Headquarters.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Captain Chen, Hsi-san (陳海珊)	250 Kung Woo Road (共和路), Chapei.
4) 6th Company, 2nd Battalion with Battalion Headquarters.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles	Major Wu Zeu Sing (吳傳新)	-do-
5) 5th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles	-do-	Changhwapang (張華浜), Woosung.
6) 8th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 4 machine guns, 40 pistols and 106 rifles.	-do-	Kwangtsao Guild, (廣肇山莊), 591 Kwangtsao Road, Chapei.
7) 9th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 132 rifles, 14 Mauser pistols and 4 pistols.	Major Wong Vee Ming (王惟明)	Ming Tuh Road (民德路), near Han Chiao (旱橋), Chapei.
8) 10th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 140 rifles, 6 Mauser pistols and 4 pistols.	-do-	Liuho (瀏河).
9) 12th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 106 rifles and 10 pistols.	-do-	210 Fu Zuan Road (普善路), Chapei.

The Headquarters of the 3rd Battalion is established at No. 381 Tai Yang Miao Road, Chapei.

No. D

Date

December 6, 1934.

- 2 -

Unit

The 2nd Regiment with Headquarters in the Military Club
(陸軍俱樂部), Jin Kee Road (謹記路), Siccawei.
Commander Zi Hsueh Chi (齊學啟).

- 10) 1st and 2nd Companies, 1st Battalion with Battalion Hdqrs. 300 infantrymen, armed with rifles. Major Doong Pao Hwei (童葆暉) 531 Pu Zuan Road (普善路), Chapei.
- 11) 4th Company, 1st Battalion. 150 infantrymen, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles. -do- 36 Doong Ka Zah (童家宅), Pangpu Village (彭浦).
- 12) Special Service Company, Paoantui Hdqrs. 150 infantrymen, armed with rifles and 3 motor trucks. Captain Wen Hwa Lai (文華雷) Former Adm. Building of the City Government, off Route Ghisi.
- 13) Signal Corps, Paoantui Hdqrs. 150 infantrymen, armed with rifles. Lt. Loh Yoeh-ling (陸毓林) Chao Wei Guild (潮惠山莊), Zia Tu Road (斜土路), Nantao.
- 14) Guards attached to 2nd Regiment-armed with 34 rifles and 4 light machine guns. Reg. Com. Zi Hsueh-chi (齊學啟) Military Club, Jin Kee Road (謹記路), Siccawei.
- 15) "Stokes" Gun Company, 2nd Regimental Headquarters. 150 "stokes" gunners, armed with 6 "stokes" guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles. -do- Kiangnan Arsenal, (高昌廟兵工廠) Keochongmiao.
- 16) 8th Company, 2nd Battalion, and Battalion Headquarters. 150 machine gunners, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles. Major Tseu Ping (鄒斌) Soong Ka Zu (宋家詞), an ancestral temple at San Koh Di (三角地), Siccawei.
- 17) 5th Company, 2nd Battalion. 150 infantrymen, armed with rifles. -do- Lunghwa Road, next to the Defence Commissioner's Headquarters.
- 18) 6th Company, 2nd Battalion. 150 infantrymen, armed with rifles. -do- Chungshan Road near Hungjao Road.
- 19) 10th Company, 3rd Battalion and Battalion Headquarters. 150 infantrymen, armed with rifles. Major Chow Tien-chien (周天健) San Ching Miao (三淙廟), Keswick Road.

December 8, 1934.

Date

Unit	Strength & Equipment	Commander	Billet
20) 9th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Chow Tien Chien (周天健)	2659 Chungshan Road (中山路).
21) 12th Company, 3rd Battalion	150 machine gunners armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	-do-	Hsu's Garden (徐家花園), Si Kwang Foh Road, (光復路), Chapel.

The following table shows the disposition and strength of
the Central Military Police in Shenghai.

The 5th Regiment with Headquarters in the Woosung-Shanghai
Defence Commissioners' Headquarters, Lunghwa.
Commander Lai Yui Tung (藍運東).

"Stokes" Gun Company.	126 "stokes" gunners.	Zao Soh-bing (曹叔平)	Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commission- er's Headquarters, Lunghwa.
Machine Gun Company	126 machine gunners.	Tai Yao-tien (戴堯天)	-do-
2nd Company, 1st Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	126 men.	Chen Tsong- moh (陳聰謨)	-do-
3rd Company, 1st Battalion.	126 men.	Sung Ming-tsai. (孫明希)	Wenchow Guild (温州會館), Kong Ghui Road (康衢路), Nantao.
1st Company, 1st Battalion.	126 men	Zang Tuh (張德)	Sungkiang (松江)
Guards attached to Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters.	120 men	Chwang Yung Nyien (章永年)	Defence Commissioner's Headquarters, Lunghwa.

D.C. (CRIME)

SECRET - NOT FOR PRESS PUBLICATION

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
SPECIAL BRANCH

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

S. B. REGISTRY

No. D 3648

Date 22/11/34

...
Intelligence Report

Political

November 22, 1934.

Movement of Notables

From Nanking

Arrived at Chenju at 2.30 p.m. November 21:-

Koo Meng Yu, Minister of Railways.

Arrived at 7.40 a.m. November 22:-

H. H. Kung, Minister of Finance.

To Nanking

Departed at 11 p.m. November 21:-

Yu Yeu Jen, President of Supervisory Yuan.

Lieu Vung Hao, Ambassador to Italy.

Wu Tieh Shen, Mayor of Greater Shanghai.

Tan Tsang, Vice President of the Legislative Yuan.

Fu Jui Ling, member of the C.E.C. of the Kuomintang.

Pei Yuin Ti, -do-

Ma Tsao Tsing, -do-

Special Kuomintang of the Paoantui - telegraphs to Gen. Chiang re Bandit Suppression Campaign

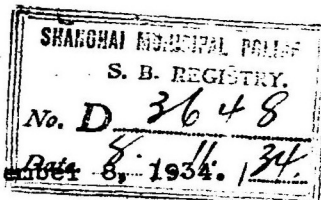
113648
The Special Kuomintang Headquarters of the Paoantui despatched a telegram on November 21 to Gen. Chiang congratulating him on his success in the bandit suppression campaign and urging him to continue his efforts in order to eliminate such lawlessness in China.

Shanghai People's Military Training Committee - convenes meeting of military instructors of local schools

In answer to the summons of the People's Military Training Committee, some 30 military instructors of various local universities, colleges and middle schools assembled in the office of the body, Dah Chih Road,

Nantao, at 4.30 p.m. November 21. Tsiao Tsih Hwa (葉續華).





APPENDIX

November 8, 1934.

Peace Preservation Corps and Central Military Police

The following table gives the present disposition, strength and equipment of the local Peace Preservation Corps :-

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Strength & Equipment</u>	<u>Commander</u>	<u>Billet</u>
The 1st Regiment with Headquarters in the Police Training Depot, 250 Kung Woo Road (共和路), Chapei. Commander Chen Tso-ming (陳卓民).			
1) 1st & 4th Companies, 1st Battalion with Hdqrs.	300 infantrymen, armed with rifles, 6 machine guns, 2 of a light pattern and 2 motor cycles.	Major Mi Hsi (米熙)	222 Tien Tung An Road (天通庵路), Chapei.
2) 1st and 2nd Sections, 2nd Company, 1st Battalion.	100 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Nanziang Rly. Station (南翔車站)
3) 3rd Section, 2nd Company, 1st Battalion.	50 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Hwangtu Rly. Station (黃渡車站)
4) Special Service Company, 1st Regimental Headquarters.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Captain Chen Hai-san (陳海珊)	250 Kung Woo Road (共和路), Chapei.
5) 6th Company, 2nd Battalion with Battalion Headquarters.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Wu Zou Sing (吳傳薪)	-do-
6) 5th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Changhwapang (張華浜), Wobsung.
7) 8th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 4 machine guns, 40 pistols and 106 rifles.	-do-	Kwangtsao Guild, (廣肇會館), 591 Kwangtsao Road, Chapei.
8) 9th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 132 rifles, 14 Mauser pistols and 4 pistols.	Major Wong Vee Ming (王惟明)	Ming Tuh Road (明德路), Chapei.
9) 10th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 140 rifles, 6 Mauser pistols and 4 pistols.	-do-	Liuho (瀏河).

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
S. B. REGISTRY.
No. D
Date / /

- 2 -

Nov. 8, 1934.

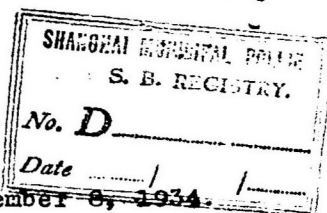
I 3648
(Cantui)

Unit	Strength & Equipment	Commander	Billet
10) 12th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 infantrymen armed with 106 rifles and 10 pistols.	Major Wong Vee Ming (王惟明)	210 Pu Zuan Road (普善路), Chapei.

The Headquarters of the 3rd Battalion is established at No. 381 Tai Yang Miao Road, Chapei.

The 2nd Regiment with Headquarters in the Military Club (陸軍俱樂部), Jin Kee Road (謹記路), Siccawei.
Commander Zi Hsueh Chi (許學啓).

11) 1st Company, 1st Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Doong Pao Hwei (董葆暉)	531 Pu Zuan Road (普善路), Chapei.
12) 2nd Company, 1st Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Siao Zang Miao (小場廟) Temple, Chenju.
13) 4th Company, 1st Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	-do-	36, Doong Ka Zah, (董家宅) Pangpu Village (彭浦廟).
14) Special Service Company, Pacantui Hdqrs.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles and 3 motor trucks.	Captain Wen Hwa Lai (文華雷)	Former Adm. Bldg. of the City Government, off Route Ghisi.
15) Signal Corps, Pacantui Hdqrs.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Lt. Loh Yoeh Ling (陸毓林)	Chao Wei Guild (潮惠), Zia Tu Road, Nantao.
16) Guards attached to 2nd Regimental Headquarters.	42 infantrymen, armed with 34 rifles and 4 light machine guns.	Rég. Com. Zi Hsueh-chi	Military Club, Jin Kee Road, Siccawei.
17) "Stokes" Gun Company, 2nd Regiment.	150 "stokes" gunners, armed with 6 "stokes" guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	-do-	Kiangnan Arsenal, Kaochongmiao.
18) 8th Company, 2nd Battalion, and Battalion Headquarters.	150 machine gunners, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	Major Tseu Ping (鄒斌)	Soong Ka Zu (宋嘉祖), an ancestral temple at San Koh Di (三南地), Siccawei.



- 3 -

November 8, 1934.

Unit	Strength & Equipment	Commander	Billet
19) 5th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Teeu Ping.	Lunghwa Road, next to the Defence Commissioner's Headquarters.
20) 6th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Chungshan Road, near Hungjao Road.
21) 10th Company, 3rd Battalion, and Battalion Headquarters.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Chow Tien-chien (周天健)	San Ching Miao (三濟廟), Keswick Road.
22) 9th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	2659 Chungshan Road.
23) 12th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 machine gunners, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	-do-	Hau's Garden (何家花園), Si Kwang Foh Road, Chapei.

The following table shows the disposition and strength of the Central Military Police in Shanghai :-

The 5th Regiment with Headquarters in the Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioners' Headquarters, Lunghwa.
Commander Lai Yui Tung (藍運東).

"Stokes" Gun Company and Machine Gun Company attached to Regimental Headquarters.	126 gunners each.	Zao Soh-shee (曹叔希) and Tai Yao-tien (戴堯天)	Defence Commissioner's Headquarters, Lunghwa.
2nd Company, 1st Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	126 soldiers.	Chen Tsong-moh (陳聰謨)	-do-
1st Company, 1st Battalion.	126 soldiers.	Zang Tuh (常德)	Wenchow Guild (溫州會館), Kong Ghui Road (東德路), Nantao.
3rd Company, 1st Battalion.	126 soldiers.	Sung Ming-tai (孫明泰)	Sungkiang (松江).
Guards attached to Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters.	120 soldiers.	Chwang Yung Nyien (章永年)	Defence Commissioner's Headquarters.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
S. B. REGISTRY.
No. <u>D 3648</u>
Date <u>18</u> / <u>10</u> / <u>34</u>

October 18, 4.

Military

Paoantui in Chapei - instal military telephone wires

D 3648 The 1st Regiment of the local Peace Preservation Corps, with Headquarters in the Police Training Depot, 250 Kung Woo Road, Chapei, is now installing four military telephone wires, one from the Headquarters to Shanghai North Station, one to Chenju Railway Station, one to Nanziang Railway Station and another to Hwangtu Railway Station, in order to facilitate communications between headquarters and the men stationed at these places. The work is expected to be completed in four days' time.

Chekiang Peace Preservation Corps - cotton padded uniforms arrive at Shanghai en route to Taishun, Chekiang

1,000 suits of cotton padded uniforms for the 1st Regiment of the Chekiang Peace Preservation Corps, stationed at Taishun, Chekiang, arrived at Shanghai South Railway Station from Hangchow at 10 a.m. October 17 and are now stored there pending transportation to their destination.

Movement of Naval Ships

The gunboat "Kienkong" arrived at Kaochongmiao from Tungchow at 10 a.m. October 17.

The small gunboat "Kyungsing" left Kaochongmiao for Woosung at 9 a.m. October 17.

D 3648

APPENDIX

N.C. (Crime)

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

October 30, 1934

No. D 3648

Date 9, 10, 34

Peace Preservation Corps and Central Military Police

The following table gives the present disposition, strength and equipment of the local Peace Preservation Corps :-

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Strength & Equipment</u>	<u>Commander</u>	<u>Billet</u>
The 1st Regiment with Headquarters in the Police Training Depot, 250 Kung Woo Road (北和路), Chapei. Commander Chen Tso-ming (陳卓民).			
1) 1st & 2nd Companies, 1st Battalion with Battalion Hdqrs.	300 infantrymen, armed with rifles, 6 machine guns, 2 of a light pattern and 2 motor trucks.	Major Mi Hai (宓熙)	222 Tien Tung An Road (天通庵路), Chapei.
2) 1st & 2nd Sections, 4th Company, 1st Battalion.	100 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Nanziang (南翔) Railway Station.
3) 3rd Section, 4th Company, 1st Battalion.	50 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Hwangtu (黃渡) Railway Station.
4) Special Service Company, 1st Regimental Hdqrs.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Captain Chen Hai-san (陳海珊)	250 Kung Woo Road, Chapei.
5) 6th Company, 2nd Battalion, with Battalion Headquarters.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Wu Zuen Sing (吳信新)	-do-
6) 5th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	S.N.R. & S.H.N.R. Workers' School, Changhwapang (張華浜), Woosung.
7) 8th Company, 2nd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with 4 machine guns, 40 pistols and 106 rifles.	-do-	Kwangtsao Guild (廣肇莊), 591 Kwangtsao Road, Chapei.
3rd Battalion Headquarters.		Major Wong Vee Ming (王維明)	381 Tai Yang Miao Road (太陽廟路), Chapei.
8) 1st & 2nd Sections, 9th Company, 3rd Battalion.	100 infantrymen, armed with 82 rifles, 14 Mauser pistols and 4 pistols.	Captain Sih Ching-tsung (薛景春)	Liuhu (瀏河).
9) 3rd Section, 9th Company, 3rd Battalion.	50 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Captain Wang Kia Ping (王家賓)	Yang Ling (楊陵) Liuhu.



D 3648
(Cautious) - 2 -

October 9, 1934.

- 10) 10th Company, 3rd Battalion. 150 infantrymen, armed with 140 rifles, 4 Mauser pistols and 6 pistols. Captain Liu Yoong (劉榕) Ming Tuh Road (民德路), near Hanjiao (旱橋), Chapei.
- 11) 12th Company, 3rd Battalion. 150 infantrymen, armed with 106 rifles and 10 pistols. Captain Ngiao Tsou-wu (饒祖武) 210 Pu Zuan Road (普善路), Chapei.

The 2nd Regiment with Headquarters in the Military Club (陸軍俱樂部), Jin Kee Road (謹記路), Siccawei. Commander Zi Hsueh Chi (齊學啟).

- 12) 1st & 4th Companies, 1st Battalion and Battalion Hdqrs. 300 infantrymen, armed with rifles, 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles. Major Doong Pao Hwei (董保暉) 531 Pu Zuan Rd. (普善路), Chapei.
- 13) 2nd Company, 1st Battalion. 150 infantrymen, armed with rifles. -do- 36 Doong Ka Zah (董家宅), Pangpu Village.

- 14) Special Service Company, Paoantui Hdqrs. 150 infantrymen, armed with rifles and 3 motor trucks. Captain Wen Hwa Lai (文華雷) Former Adm. Bldg. of the City Government, off Route Ghisi.

Signal Corps, attached to Paoantui Hdqrs. 150 infantrymen, armed with rifles. Lt. Loh Yueh Ling (陸毓林) -do-

- 15) Guards attached to 2nd Regimental Headquarters. 42 infantrymen, armed with 34 rifles and 4 light machine guns. Reg. Comdr. Zi Hsueh-chi (齊學啟) Military Club, Jin Kee Road, (謹記路), Siccawei.

- 16) "Stokes" Gun Company, 2nd Regimental Headquarters. 150 "stokes" gunners armed with 6 "stokes" guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles. -do- Kiangnan Arsenal, Kaochongniao.

- 17) 8th Company, 2nd Battalion with Battalion Headquarters. 150 machine gunners, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles. Major Tseu Ping (鄒斌) Soong Ka Zu (宋家祠), an ancestral temple at San Koh Di (三角地), Siccawei.

- 18) 5th Company, 2nd Battalion. 150 infantrymen, armed with rifles. -do- Lunghua Road, next to the Defence Commissioner's Headquarters.

- 19) 6th Company, 2nd Battalion. 150 infantrymen, armed with rifles. -do- Chungshan Road near Hungjao Rd.

D 3648
Confidential

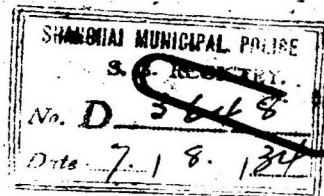
- 3 -

October 9, 1934.

20) 10th Company, 3rd Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Chow Tien Chien (周天健)	San Ching Miao (三徑廟), Keswick Road.
21) 9th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	2659 Chungshan Road.
22) 12th Company, 3rd Battalion.	150 machine gun- ners, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 106 rifles.	-do-	Hsu's Garden (徐家花園), Si Kwang Foh Road, Chepei.

The following table shows the disposition of the Central
Military Police in Shanghai :-

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Strength</u>	<u>Commander</u>	<u>Billet</u>
The 5th Regiment with Headquarters in the Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters, Lunghwa. Commander Lai Yui Tung (藍運東).			
2nd & 3rd Companies, 1st Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	252 soldiers.	Chen Tsong Moh (陳聰謨)	Defence Commissioner's Headquarters, Lunghwa.
"Stokes" Gun Company, attached to Regimental Hdqrs.	126 soldiers armed with 6 "stokes" guns.	Zao Soh-shee (曹叔希)	-do-
"Machine" Gun Company, attached to Regimental Headquarters.	126 machine gunners, armed with 6 machine guns.	Tai Yao-tien (戴堯天)	-do-
1st Company, 1st Battalion.	126 soldiers.	Zang Tuh (常德)	Wenchow Guild (溫州會館), Kong Ghui (康衛路) Rd. Nantao.
Guards attached to Woosung Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters.	120 soldiers.	Chwang Yung Nyien (章永年)	Defence Commissioners' Headquarters.



August 6-7, 1934.

Military

Pacantui in Chapei - re-organized

D. 3648-
In compliance with the instruction of Gen. Yang Hu, commander-in-chief of the Peace Preservation Corps, the 1st Regiment of the Corps, stationed in Chapei has been recently re-organized. Under the new scheme each battalion consists of only three companies instead of four as previously. The surplus men have either been absorbed by other sections or assigned for duty at the Headquarters of the Regiment.

Recruits - leave for Hangchow

30 recruits for the Chekiang Peace Preservation Corps left Shanghai South Railway Station for Hangchow at 9.55 a.m. August 6. These men were recruited in Nantao by the Recruiting Office of the Corps in the Coal and Charcoal Merchants' Guild, Foh Yeu Road, City.

Troops from Hankow to Fokien

The 294th Regiment of the 49th Division arrived at the Peh Piao Wharf, Shih Hwei Kang, near Kaochongmiao, between 1 p.m. and 5 p.m. August 6 on the following six steamers:-

S.S. "Kiangtien", S.S. "Kiang Yau", S.S. "Fu Yang", S.S. "Van Hsiang", S.S. "Doong Hwa" and S.S. "Tsing Pu".

The Regiment which is en route from Hankow to Fokien is 2,000 strong and has with it, in addition to equipment, ten mountain guns and twenty machine guns.

These troops are now billeted in the Coal Godown at the Wharf, pending transportation to their destination.

CHARGES AGAINST SPECIAL POLICE

Ex-Employees Of Japan-
ese In Chapei Said To
Be Mistreated

It has been revealed to Japanese authorities that the Chinese special police, now on duty in Chapei and adjoining areas, are mistreating local Chinese inhabitants on the ground that they had worked for Japanese military officials. A number of such innocent Chinese are said to have been arrested and locked up by these police, who are branding the arrested men as "traitors."

Japanese officials and residents here are indignant at the fact that Chinese gangsters and others in Chapei and elsewhere, garrisoned by the Japanese until recently, have desecrated various places where had stood wooden tablets or stones marking the spots where Japanese officers and men fell during the Sino-Japanese engagements. These tablets or tombstones have been pulled up and the spots otherwise desecrated. The wooden tablets have either been used as firewood or simply destroyed.

No Chinese tombstone in the areas garrisoned by the Japanese until recently has ever been pulled up or otherwise destroyed by Japanese naval or military officers or men, and the acts of the Chinese, therefore, are arousing deep indignation among the Japanese.

—Press Union.

No. D 3648

Date 8 / 1 / 34

January 8

Military

Movement of Pasantui

D 3648
Some fifty nine members of the 1st Regiment of the Chekiang Peace Preservation Corps, stationed at Wenchow, passed through Shanghai between 6 a.m. and 7.40 a.m. January 8 en route to Hangchow. They arrived at the Kyung Lee Yuan Wharf, French Bund, by the s.s. "Kia-wo" and left Shanghai South by rail. It is learned that they will undergo a course of training at Hangchow.

Movement of Naval Ships

The Coastal Defence Gunboat "Hai-ou" arrived at Kae-chong-miao from the Chekiang-Fukien border coast at 4 p.m. January 6.

The Gunboat "Kiangyuan" left Kae-chong-miao for Wenchow at 3 p.m. January 6.

The Gunboat "Chungshan" left Kae-chong-miao for the Chekiang-Fukien border coast at 8 p.m. January 6. It carried a sum of \$200,000 for the pay of men of naval ships cruising off the Chekiang-Fukien coast.

The Gunboat "Ninghai" and the Training Cruiser "Yinghai" arrived at Woesung at 3 p.m. January 6 from the Chekiang-Fukien coast.

APPENDIX

January 26, 1934. 3648

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. R. REGISTRY.

Date 6 / 1 / 34

Local Pacantui or Peace Preservation Corps and Military Police

The following table gives the present disposition, strength and equipment of the Pacantui :-

03648

Unit	Strength & Equipment	Commander	Billet
The 1st Regiment with Headquarters in the Police Training Depot, 250 Kung Woo Road (共和路), Chapei. Commander Chen Tso-ming (陳卓民).			
1) 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th Companies, 1st Battalion, with Battalion Hdqrs.	500 infantrymen, armed with rifles, 6 machine guns, 2 of a light pattern and 2 motor cycles.	Major Chow Ping Yuan (周炳源)	222 Tien Tung An Road (天同庵路) Chapei.
2) Special Service Company, attached to 1st Regiment.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Reg. Com. Chen Tso-ming.	250 Kung Woo Road, Chapei.
Signal Corps and 2nd Battalion Hdqrs. 1st Regiment.	42 infantrymen, armed with pistols	Major Liu Wan Chun (劉萬鈞)	-do-
3) 6th Company, 2nd Battalion.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles	-do-	Han Jao (旱橋), Shanghai North Station.
4) 5th Company, 2nd Battalion.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles	-do-	210 Pu Zuan Road (普善路), Chapei.
5) 3rd Section, 7th Company, 2nd Battalion.	44 infantrymen, armed with Mauser pistols.	-do-	Nanziang Station. (南翔車站)
6) 1st Section, 7th Company, 2nd Battalion.	40 infantrymen, armed with Mauser pistols	-do-	Chenju Station. (真茹車站)
7) 2nd Section, 7th Company, 2nd Battalion.	40 infantrymen, armed with Mauser pistols.	-do-	Hwangtu Station. (黃渡車站)
8) 8th Company, 2nd Battalion.	124 infantrymen, armed with 4 machine guns, 40 pistols and 80 rifles.	-do-	591 Kwangtsao Rd. (廣肇路), Chapei.

The 2nd Regiment with Headquarters in the Military Club (陸軍俱樂部), Jin Kee Road (謹記路), Siccawei.
Commander Zi Hsueh Chi (齊學智).

1) 1st Company, 1st Battalion, with Battalion Headquarters.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Doong Mao Hwei (董毛輝)	273 & 531 Pu Zuan Road, Chapei.
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January 6, 1934.

- 10) 2nd Company, 1st Battalion. 124 infantrymen, Major Doong Pao Hwei. 1541 Chung Hwa Sing Road, Chapei.
- 11) 4th Company, 1st Battalion. 124 machine gunners, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols & 80 rifles. -do- 36 Poh Doong Ka Zah (重炮宅), Pangpu Village.
- 12) Special Service Company, attached to Paoantui Hdqrs. 124 infantrymen, Gen. Yang Hu (楊虎) armed with rifles and 3 motor trucks. Shanghai Municipality (市政府)
- 13) Guards attached to 2nd Regimental Headquarters. 42 infantrymen, Reg. Com. Zi Hsueh Chi (齊學智) armed with 34 rifles and 4 light machine guns. Military Club, Jin Kee Road, Siccawei.
- Signal Corps, -do- 42 infantrymen, -do- -do- armed with rifles
- 14) "Stokes" Gun Company, 2nd Regiment. 124 stokes gunners, -do- Kiangnan Arsenal, (兵工廠) armed with 6 "Stokes" guns, 40 Mauser pistols, and 80 rifles. Kaochongmiao.
- 15) Signal Corps, attached to Paoantui Hdqrs. 124 infantrymen, Gen. Yang Hu (楊虎) armed with rifles. Zia Tu (斜土路) Rd. and Tung Miao Jao Road (corner, Nantao.
- 16) 8th Company, 2nd Battalion with Battalion Headquarters. 124 machine gunners, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 80 rifles. Major Tseu Ping (鄒斌) Soong Ka Zu (宋嘉初) Ancestral Temple, San Koh Ka, (三南街), Siccawei.
- 17) 5th Company, 2nd Battalion. 124 infantrymen, -do- Pahlungkiang (白龍港) armed with rifles
- 18) 6th Company, 2nd Battalion. 124 infantrymen, -do- Chungsan Road near Hungjao Road.
- 19) 10th Company, 3rd Battalion, with Battalion Headquarters. 124 infantrymen, Major Tang Seu Tsz (唐守芝) armed with rifles. San Ching Miao (三經廟), Jessfield.
- 20) 9th Company, 3rd Battalion. 124 Machine gunners, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 80 rifles. -do- 1657 Chungsan Road.
- 21) 12th Company, 3rd Battalion. 124 Machine gunners, -do- Hsu's Garden, (徐家花園), Si Kwang Foh Road.

Total :- 2,734

January 6, 1934.

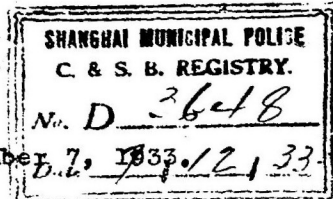
The following table shows the disposition of the
Military Police :-

The 4th Regiment with Headquarters in the Lunghwa
(龍華寺) Temple, Lunghwa.
Commander Chih Chwang Chien (吉華簡).

		Reg. Com. Chih Chwang Chien.	Lunghwa Temple.
Stokes" Gun Company, attached to Regimental Headquarters.	126 "stokes" gunners.		
Machine Gun Company, -do-	126 machine gunners.	-do-	-do-
Ordinance Company, -do-	126 infantry- men.	-do-	-do-
7th Company, 3rd Battalion with Battalion Headquarters, 4th Regiment.	126 infantry- men	Commander Chang Pao Kwang (張寶光)	-do-
8th Company, 3rd Battalion.	126 infantry- men.	-do-	120 South Station Road, Nantao.
9th Company, 3rd Battalion.	126 infantry men.	-do-	Chu Tseng Jen Temple, Joeh Meng Road, Nantao.
Guards attached to Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters.	120 infantrymen		Woosung-Shang- hai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters, Lunghwa.

Total :-

876



APPENDIX

December 7, 1933. 12133

Local Pacantui or Peace Preservation Corps and Military Police

The following table gives the present disposition, strength and equipment of the Pacantui :-

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Strength & Equipment</u>	<u>Commander</u>	<u>Billet</u>
The 1st Regiment with Headquarters in the Police Training Depot, 250 Kung Woo Road, (共和路), Chapei. Commander Chen Tso-ming (陳卓民).			
1) 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th Companies, 1st Battalion, with 2 of a light Battalion Hdqrs.	500 infantrymen, armed with rifles, 6 machine guns, pattern and 2 motor cycles.	Major Chow Ping Yuan (周炳遠)	222 Tien Tung An Road (天同巷路) Chapei.
2) Special Service Company, attached to 1st Regiment.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles	Major Liu Wan Chun (劉萬鈞)	250 Kung Woo Road, Chapei.
Signal Corps	42 infantrymen, armed with pistols	-do-	-do-
3) 6th Company, 2nd Battalion.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles	-do-	-do-
4) 5th Company, 2nd Battalion.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles	-do-	210 Pu Zuan Road (普善路), Chapei.
5) 7th Company, 2nd Battalion	124 infantrymen, armed with Mauser pistols	-do-	381 Tai Yang Miao Road (太陽廟路).
6) 8th Company, 2nd Battalion	124 infantrymen, armed with 4 machine guns, 40 pistols and 80 rifles.	-do-	591 Kwangtsao Road (廣肇路), Chapei.
The 2nd Regiment with Headquarters in the Military Club, Jin Kee Road, Siccawei. 陸軍俱樂部. Commander Zi Hsueh Chi (齊學啓).			
7) 1st Company, 1st Battalion with Headquarters.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Doong Pao Hwei (董葆暉)	273 & 531 Pu Zuan Road (普善路) Chapei.
8) 2nd Company, 1st Battalion	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles	-do-	Ping Kiang (平江) Guild, 1541 Chung Hwa Sing Road.
9) 4th Company, 1st Battalion.	124 machine gunners, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols & 80 rifles.	-do-	36 Poh Doong Ka Zah, Pangpu Village.

- | | | | |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|---|
| 10) Special Service Company,
attached to
Paoantui Hdqrs. | 124 infantrymen,
armed with rifles
with 3 motor
trucks. | Gen. Yang
Hu (楊虎) | Shanghai
Municipality. |
| 11) Guards attached
to 2nd Regiment-
al Headquarters | 42 infantrymen,
armed with 34 rif
rifles and 4
light machine
guns. | Reg. Com.
Zi Hsueh
Chi
(齊學啓) | Military Club,
Jin Kee Road,
Siccawei. |
| Signal Corps,
-do- | 42 infantrymen,
armed with rifles | -do- | -do- |
| 12) "Stokes" Gun
Company, 2nd
Regiment. | 124 stokes gunners,
armed with 6
"stokes" guns, 40
Mauser pistols,
and 80 rifles. | -do- | Kiangnan-Arsenal
Kaochongmiao
(高昌廟兵工廠) |
| 13) Signal Corps,
attached to
Paoantui Hdqrs. | 124 infantrymen,
armed with rifles | Gen. Yang
Hu (楊虎) | Corner of Zia
Tu and Tung
Miao Jao Rds,
Nantao. |
| 14) 8th Company,
2nd Battalion
with Battalion
Headquarters. | 124 machine gunners,
armed with 6
machine guns, 40
Mauser pistols
and 80 rifles. | Major Tseu
Ping
(鄒斌) | Soong Ka Zu
(宋家祠), an
ancestral temple
at San Koh Ka,
Siccawei. |
| 15) 5th Company,
2nd Battalion. | 124 infantrymen,
armed with rifles | -do- | Pahlungkiang
(白龍港) |
| 16) 6th Company,
2nd Battalion | 124 infantrymen,
armed with rifles | -do- | Chungsan Road
near Hungjao Rd. |
| 17) 10th Company,
3rd Battalion
with Battalion
Headquarters. | 124 infantrymen,
armed with rifles | Major Tang
Seu Tsz
(唐守芝) | San Ching Miao
(三聖廟),
Jessfield. |
| 18) 9th Company,
3rd Battalion. | 124 infantrymen,
armed with rifles | -do- | 1657 Chungsan
Road. |
| 19) 12th Company,
3rd Battalion | 124 Machine gunners
armed with 6
machine guns, 40
Mauser pistols and
80 rifles. | -do- | Hsu's Garden
(徐家花園),
Si Kwang Foh
Road. |

Total :- 2,734

The following table shows the disposition of the Military Police :-

The 1st Regiment with Headquarters in the Lunghwa Temple (龍寺), Lunghwa.
Commander Chang Tseng (張鎮).

"Stokes" Gun Company	126 "stokes" gunners.	Lunghwa Temple, Lunghwa.
Machine Gun Company,	126 soldiers	-do-
Ordnance Company	126 soldiers	-do-
1st Company, 1st Battalion with Battalion Headquarters.	126 soldiers	-do-
Signal Corps	42 soldiers	-do-
2nd Company, 1st Battalion	126 soldiers	Jui Tsen Jen Miao, Chueh Meng Road, Nantao.
3rd Company, 1st Battalion	126 soldiers	Hsin Lunghwa Station.
Guards attached to Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner.	120 soldiers	Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters, Lunghwa. (龍亭).

Total :- , 918

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE C. & S. B. REGISTRY No. D <u>3648</u> Date <u>3</u> / <u>12</u> / <u>33</u>
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December 3, 1933

Morning Translation

China Times and other local newspapers:

PRINCE RAJAH SINGH ENTERTAINED

Prince Rajah Singh of Nepal gave an address on the evening of December 1 at the Chinese Y.M.C.A., Boulevard de Montigny, French Concession. The subject of his address was "Humanity and the peace of the world."

Prince Rajah Singh was invited yesterday to a tiffin party by Mr. Chang Min (張銘), former Special Envoy to Nepal, at the Oriental Hotel, Nanking Road.

In the course of the function, Prince Rajah Singh said that he regretted the rebellion in Fukien and that he would send a telegram to President Wang Ching-wei and General Chiang Kai-shek requesting permission to allow him to proceed to Fukien to advise Chen Min-shu, Li Chi-shan and others involved in the uprising.

Prince Rajah Singh concluded by saying that if the permission was not granted, he would go to the battle field and place himself between the lines of the opposing sides to show his willingness to sacrifice himself in the cause of peace and the unity of China.

China Times and other local newspapers:

ANTI-CIVIL WAR LEAGUE

Yesterday at 2 p.m. a meeting of the Anti-civil War League took place at the Bankers' Association, 4 Hongkong Road. The chair was taken by Mr. Lin Kong-hou and many members including Wang Shiao-lai, Tu Yuh-sun and Chen Lih-Ding attended. As no reply was received from Generals Tsai Ting-kai and Chiang Kwang-nai, it was decided at the meeting to despatch a telegram to them, reminding them of the advice in the first telegram and warning them of the consequences of their rebellion.

China Times and other local newspapers:

PEACE PRESERVATION CORPS ON PARADE

A parade of the Peace Preservation Corps took place at 12.30 a.m. yesterday at the Lunghwa Aerodrome, Nantao. About 2000 members of the Corps under the command of General Yang Hu, Commander of the Corps, were inspected by Mayor Wu Te-chen. A sham battle was staged in which rifles, machine guns, trench mortars and other weapons were used.

D 3648

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. R. REGISTRY.
No. D 3648
Date 2 / 12 / 33

December 2, 1933.

Morning Translation

China Times and other local newspapers:

PEACE PRESERVATION CORPS PARADE TO-DAY

General Yang Hu (楊虎), Commander of the Peace Preservation Corps has decided to hold a parade of the Corps at 9 a.m. this morning at the Lung Hwa Aerodrome, Nantao.

The parade will be inspected by Mayor Wu Te-chen, Garrison Commissioner of the Shanghai-Woosung Area. Commissioners of the various Bureaux of the Municipality of Greater Shanghai and leading officers of public organizations have all been invited to attend the parade.

No. D 3648

December

Dec. 2 1933

Military

Passage of Pacantui through Shanghai

One hundred and fifty recruits for the Chekiang Provincial Peace Preservation Corps, who have finished a course of training at Hangchow, passed through Shanghai on December 1 to join the 6th Regiment of the Corps stationed at Taichow. These men arrived at Shanghai South by rail at 1.15 p.m. and left Nantao Bund by the s.s. "Dah Hwa" at 5.30 p.m.

Military equipment - sent to Wenchow

The uniforms, thermos bottles, etc. for the Chekiang Peace Preservation Corps at Wenchow which arrived at Shanghai on November 29 (Vide I.R. 30/11/33) were shipped to their destination by the s.s. "San Kiang" of the Dah Ching Steamship Navigation Co. from the Nantao Bund at 6.30 p.m. December 1.

Pacantui - review at Aerodrome to-day

The local Peace Preservation Corps will be reviewed at 9 a.m. to-day, December 2 at the Lungwa Aerodrome when Mayor Wu Tieh Chen and General Yang Hu will be present.

APPENDIX - "B"

October 6, 1933

Local Pacantui or Peace Preservation Corps and Military Police

The following table gives the present disposition, strength and equipment of the Pacantui :-

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Strength & Equipment.</u>	<u>Commander</u>	<u>Billet</u>
The 1st Regiment with Headquarters in the Police Training Depot, 250 Kung Woo Road (共和路), Chapei. Commander Chen Tso-ming (陳卓民).			
1) 1st, 2nd, 3rd Companies and 1st & 2nd sections of the 4th Company, 1st Battalion, with Battalion Headquarters.	460 infantrymen, armed with rifles, 4 machine guns, 2 of a light pattern and 2 motor cycles	Major Chow Ping Yuan (周平遠)	222 Tien Tung An Road (天通菴路) Chapei.
2) 3rd Section, 4th Company, 1st Battalion.	40 infantrymen, armed with rifles, and 2 machine guns	-do-	In a Fire Brigade Station, corner of Paoshing and Pao-tung Roads, Chapei.
3) Special Service Company, 2nd Battalion with Hdqrs.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles	Major Liu Wan Chun (劉萬鈞)	250 Kung Woo Road, Chapei.
4) 6th Company, 2nd Battalion	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles	-do-	-do-
Signal Corps	42 infantrymen, armed with pistols	-do-	-do-
5) 5th Company, 2nd Battalion	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles	-do-	210 Pu Zuan Road (普善路) Chapei.
6) 7th Company, 2nd Battalion	124 infantrymen, armed with Mauser pistols	-do-	381 Tai Yang Miao Road (太陽廟路).
7) 8th Company, 2nd Battalion	124 infantrymen, armed with 4 machine guns, 40 pistols and 80 rifles.	-do-	591 Kwangtsao Rd. (廣肇路) Chapei

The 2nd Regiment with Headquarters in the Sze Kia Zu (施家祠), an ancestral temple at Sung Ka Zah (沈家宅), Siccawei.
Commander Zi Hsueh Chi (齊學智).

8) 1st Company, 1st Battalion with Battalion Headquarters.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles	Major Doong Pao Hwai (董保輝)	273 & 531 Pu Zuan Road (普善路) Chapei.
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II 3648
Contin

- | | | | |
|--|---|------------------------------------|---|
| 9) 2nd Company,
1st Battalion | 124 infantrymen,
armed with rifles. | Major Dong
Pao Hwei | Foh Sing No.1
Flour Mill, 4
Siao So Du Road,
Chapei. |
| 10) 1st and 2nd
Sections, 4th
Company, 1st
Battalion. | 84 machine gunners,
armed with 4 machine
guns, 28 Mauser
pistols & 52 rifles. | -do- | Yien Zu (延緒山莊)
Guild, 36 Chung
Hwa Sing Road,
Chapei. |
| 11) 3rd Section,
-do- | 40 machine gunners,
armed with 2 machine
guns, 12 Mauser
pistols and 28
rifles. | -do- | Siao Hung Miao
(小紅廟) at
Pangpu. |
| 12) Special Service
Company,
attached to
Paoantui Hdqrs | 124 infantrymen,
armed with rifles
with 3 motor trucks | Gen. Yang
Hu (楊虎) | Shanghai
Municipality
(市政府) |
| 13) Guards attached
to 2nd Regiment-
al Headquarters. | 42 infantrymen,
armed with 34
rifles and 4
light machine
guns. | Reg. Com.
Zi Haueh
Chi (齊學啓) | Sze Ka Dz (施家祠)
Sung Ka Zah,
Siccawei. |
| 14) "Stokes" gun
Company, 2nd
Regimental
Headquarters. | 124 stokes gunners,
armed with 6 "stokes"
guns, 40 Mauser
pistols, and 80
rifles. | -do- | Kiangnan Arsenal,
Kaochongmiao
(高昌廟兵工廠) |
| 15) Signal Corps,
-do- | 42 infantrymen,
armed with rifles. | -do- | Tinghai Guild,
Sing Jao Road,
Nentao. |
| 16) 8th Company,
2nd Battalion
with Battalion
Headquarters. | 124 machine gunners
armed with 6 machine
guns, 40 Mauser
pistols and 80 rifles. | Major Tseu
Ping
(鄒斌) | Soong Ka Zu
(宋家祠), an
ancestral temple
at San Koh Ka,
Siccawei. |
| 17) 5th Company,
2nd Battalion | 124 infantrymen,
armed with rifles | -do- | Pehlungkiang
(白龍港) |
| 18) 6th Company,
2nd Battalion | 124 infantrymen,
armed with rifles | -do- | Chungsan Road near
Hunghao Road. |
| 19) 10th Company,
3rd Battalion | 124 infantrymen,
armed with rifles | Major Tang
Seu Tsz
(唐守芝) | San Ching Miao
(三姓廟),
Jessfield. |
| 20) 9th Company,
3rd Battalion | 124 infantrymen,
armed with rifles | -do- | Hungjao Aerc-
drome (虹桥飛機場). |
| 21) 12th Company,
3rd Battalion
and Battalion
Headquarters | 124 Machine gunners
armed with 6
machine guns, 40
Mauser pistols and
80 rifles. | -do- | Hsu's Garden
(徐家花園), Si
Kwang Foh Road. |

Total :- 2,610

□ 3648
(cont'd)

The following table shows the disposition of the Military Police :-

The 1st Regiment with Headquarters in the Lunghwa Temple (龍華寺), Lunghwa. Commander Chang Tseng (張鎮).

1st & 3rd Companies, 1st Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	252 soldiers.	Lunghwa Temple, Lunghwa.
2nd Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	378 soldiers	-do-
9th Company, 3rd Battalion.	126 soldiers	-do-
Signal Corps	42 soldiers	-do-
"Stokes" Gun Company.	126 "stokes" gunners.	-do-
Machine Gun Company	126 soldiers	-do-
2nd Company, 1st Battalion	126 soldiers	Kiangnan Arsenal, Kaochongmiao.
Guards attached to Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner	120 soldiers	Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters, Lunghwa (淞滬警備司令部).

Total :- 1,296

No. D 3648

September 29, 1933

Military

Movement of Pacantui

34 soldiers attached to the 3rd Battalion, 1st Regiment of the Chekiang Peace Preservation Corps, stationed at Wenchow, escorting a pirate, arrived at the French Bund by the s.s. "Chia Wu" at 5.15 a.m. Sept. 28. They left Shanghai South for Hangchow by train at 7.40 a.m. the same day.

Recruits

At 9.55 a.m. September 28, some 30 recruits enlisted for the Chekiang Peace Preservation Corps left Shanghai South for Hangchow by train.

Movement of Naval Ships

The small gunboats "Kyungsing" and "Shunsung" left Koochengmiao for Hanking at 2.15 p.m. September 28.

The transport "Chingan" arrived at Koochengmiao from Hanoi at 9 a.m. September 28.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE	
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.	
No. D	3648
Date	30, 8, 33

August 30, 1933.

Morning Translation

MISCELLANEOUS

The Shun Pao: China Times:-

AUTUMN DRILL OF PEACE PRESERVATION CORPS

The Control Committee of the Peace Preservation Corps yesterday ordered the Corps to prepare for the autumn drill to be commenced from September 1. This drill will last for three months.

On October 10, Mayor Wu Te Chen will review the entire Corps and a prize distribution ceremony will be held on the same day.

The China Times:-

INSPECTION OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES IN FRENCH CONCESSION

The local Weights and Measures Inspection Department commenced the inspection of weights and measures in the French Concession on August 28 in connection with the enforcement of the new system.

The inspection will be completed in one or two days.

The China Times:-

CHINESE MUNICIPALITY TO COLLECT LAND TAX

The collection of land tax by the Municipality of Greater Shanghai is being opposed by land-owners.

According to an important official of the Municipality of Greater Shanghai, the collection must be made.

The rate of the tax in Chinese territory is far lower than that in the Settlements. The Municipality commenced the collection from August 1.

The China Times:-

SUN FO'S MOTHER LEAVES FOR HONGKONG

Madame Lu, mother of Mr. Sun Fo, chairman of the Legislative Yuan, will leave for Hongkong with her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Sun Fo, at 6 a.m. to-day by the s.s. President Jefferson.

Yu Min, Chief of the Shanghai Office of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, has been instructed by Sun Fo to proceed to Canton on the same steamer to undertake certain negotiations with the Canton Government.

Chab Te Chang will act as Chief of the Department during the absence of Yu.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE	
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.	
No. D.	3648
Date	22, 8, 33

August 22, 1933.

Afternoon Translation

MISCELLANEOUS

Min Pao and other local newspapers:

THE AFFAIRS OF THE PEACE MAINTENANCE CORPS.

At 4 p.m. yesterday, the Peace Maintenance Corps Control Committee held an emergency meeting to discuss the case of Yang Chen Shing (楊仁馨), Captain of the Second Squadron Peace Maintenance Corps in Bangpu District, who has declined to hand over his command.

The following resolutions were passed:-

- 1) That a time limit be given to Yang Chen Shing to hand over his command by August 25.
- 2) That Captain Yang be considered as having resigned from his post.
- 3) That one of the Vice-Captains of the Second Squadron Peace Maintenance Corps in Bangpu District be appointed to take charge of the Squadron for the time ~~being.~~ being.

At 9 a.m. yesterday, the entire body of men of the Second Squadron Peace Maintenance Corps in Bangpu District submitted a demand to the Municipality of Greater Shanghai that the order discharging Yang Chen Shing from the post of Captain of the 2nd Squadron Peace Maintenance Corps be withdrawn.

Mr. O.K. Yue, Chief-Secretary of the Municipality who received them, promised to deal with the matter according to law.

August

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE	
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.	
No.	D 3648
Date	22 8 33

Miscellaneous (2)

Merchant Volunteers - efforts of Authorities to induce Pangpu section commander to vacate his post

D.3648

Seven members of the Shanghai Municipality Merchant Volunteer Corps Control Committee held a meeting in their office at 1 Jao Ka Pang, City, between 4.15 and 5.45 p.m. August 21 and discussed the refusal of the commander of the 2nd Section Office of the Pangpu District to vacate his post. The following resolutions were passed :-

- S
1. That Yang Jen-shing (楊仁馨), Commander of the 2nd Section Office be instructed to give up his post not later than August 31.
 2. That the order for his dismissal be rescinded in order to give him an opportunity of tendering his resignation.
 3. That pending the return of Yang Jen-shing from Hangchow, the Vice Commander be instructed to take charge of the office.

At 9 a.m. August 21, about 100 members of the 2nd Section Office of the Pangpu District called at the Shanghai Municipality at 9 a.m. August 21 and applied for rescission of the order dismissing Yang Jen-shing from his post as commander of the 2nd Section Office of the Pangpu District. They were promised that their request would be recorded and the matter would receive careful attention.

Proposed parade of Merchant Volunteers

Thirty members and instructors of the Shanghai Municipality Merchant Volunteer Corps Control Committee held a meeting in their office at No.1 Jao Ka Pang Road,

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE	
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.	
August No. 10	3648
Date	19/8/33

August

No. 10

3648

Date 19/8/33

Military

Recruits

Twenty recruits enlisted at Taichow for the 33rd Division arrived at Nantao Bund by the s.s. "Taichow" at 5 a.m. August 18. They subsequently proceeded to the Recruits Transportation Office, Kwang Foh Sz Temple on Fang Fang Road, City, and left Shanghai South for Hangchow by train at 4.20 p.m. the same day.

Another batch of 11 recruits enlisted at Wenchow for the 33th Division who arrived at French Bund by the s.s. "Hsiyien" at 2.30 p.m. August 17, left Shanghai South for Hangchow by the 10.10 a.m. train on August 18.

Movement of Pacanini

The 24 soldiers attached to the 1st Battalion of the 5th Regiment of the Chekiang Peace Preservation Corps at Taichow who escorted 14 bandits and a consignment of munitions to Hangchow (Vide I.R. 18/8/33) arrived at Shanghai South at 1.05 p.m. August 18, and left Nantao Bund for Taichow at 4.30 p.m. the same day by the s.s. "Dah Hua".

D 3648

APPENDIX

July 24,

No. D. 3648

Military

Date 24/7/33

Local Pacantui or Peace Preservation Corps and Military Police

The following table gives the present disposition, strength and equipment of the Pacantui.

Unit	Strength & Equipment	Commander	Billet
<p>The 1st Regiment with Headquarters in the Police Training Depot, 250 Kung Woo Road, (共和路), Chapei. Commander Chen Tso-ming (陳卓民).</p>			
1) 1st Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	500 infantrymen, armed with rifles 6 machine guns, 2 of a light pattern and 2 motor cycles	Major Chow Ping Yuan (周平遠)	222 Tien Tung An Road, Chapei. (大道庵路)
2) Special Service Company & 2nd Battalion Headquarters.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles	Major Liu Wan Chun (劉萬鈞)	Police Training Depot, Kung Woo Road, Chapei.
6th Company, 2nd Battalion	124 infantrymen armed with rifles	-do-	-do-
3) 5th Company, 2nd Battalion	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles	-do-	Liuho (瀏河)
4) 7th Company, 2nd Battalion.	124 infantrymen, armed with Mauser pistols.	-do-	Chien Kiang Guild, 381 Tai Yang Miao Road, Chapei.
5) 8th Company, 2nd Battalion	124 infantrymen, armed with 4 machine guns, 40 pistols and 80 rifles.	-do-	591 Kwangtsao Rd. Chapei (廣肇路)
6) Signal Corps	42 infantrymen, armed with pistols		116 Kung Woo Sing Road, Chapei.
<p>The 2nd Regiment with Headquarters in the Sze Kia Zu Temple, Sung Ka Zah (沈家宅), Siccawei. Commander Zi Hsueh Chi (齊學啟).</p>			
7) 1st Company, 1st Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles	Major Doong Pao Hwei (董保輝)	273 & 531 Pu Zuan Road, Chapei. (普喜路)
8) 2nd Company, 1st Battalion	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles	-do-	4 Siao So Doo Road, Chapei (小沙渡路)
9) 4th Company, 1st Battalion	124 machine gunners armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols & 80 rifles	-do-	Pangpu (彭浦)
10) Special Service Company, Pacantui Headquarters.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles and 3 motor trucks		Shanghai Municipality Road (市政府)
11) Guards attached to 2nd Regiment Headquarters	42 infantrymen, armed with 34 rifles and 4 light machine guns.		Sung Ka Zah, Siccawei (沈家宅)

12) "Stokes" Gun Company, 2nd Regimental Headquarters.	124 stokes gunners, armed with 6 stokes guns, 40 Mauser pistols & 80 rifles	Kiangnan Arsenal, Kaochongmiao. (高昌廟兵工廠)
13) Signal Corps, -do-	42 infantrymen, armed with rifles	Tinghai Guild, Sing Jao Rd, Nantao.
14) 8th Company, 2nd Battalion, and Battalion Headquarters.	124 machine gunners, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols & 80 rifles	Major Tseu Soong Ka Zu (宋家祖) Ping (鄧斌) (二), San Koh Ka (三角街) Siccawei
15) 5th Company, 2nd Battalion	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles	-do- Pahlungkiang (白龍港)
16) 6th Company, 2nd Battalion	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles	-do- Chungsan Road, off Hungjao Rd (中山路虹橋路)
17) 10th Company, 3rd Battalion	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles	Major Tang Seu Tse (唐守世) San Ching Miao (三聖廟) Jess-field.
18) 9th Company, 3rd Battalion	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles	-do- Chungsan Road (中山路)
19) 12th Company, 3rd Battalion, and Battalion Headquarters.	124 machine gunners, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 80 rifles.	-do- Hau's Garden (後花園), Si Kwang Foh Road.

The following table shows the disposition of the Military Police :-

The 1st Regiment with Headquarters in the Lungkwa (龍華) Temple, Lungkwa. Commander Chang Tseng (張鎮)..

1st & 3rd Companies, 1st Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	252 soldiers	Lungkwa Temple, Lungkwa.
2nd Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	378 soldiers	-do-
9th Company, 3rd Battalion	126 soldiers	-do-
Signal Corps	42 soldiers	-do-
"Stokes" Gun Company	126 "stokes" gunners	-do-
Machine Gun Company.	126 soldiers	-do-
2nd Company, 1st Battalion	126 soldiers	Kiangnan Arsenal, Kaochongmiao.

120 soldiers attached to Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters.

Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters (警備司令部).

D3648

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE	
CHINA	
No. D	3648
July 21	7:33
Date	21 7 33

Military

Training Institute of Pacantui - formed

D3648

A Training Institute for the purpose of organizing a Training Company of the Peace Preservation Corps otherwise known as Pacantui was inaugurated at 9.30 a.m. July 20 on the premises formerly used by the Lungwa Branch of the Kiangnan Arsenal, Lungwa when Mayor Wu Tieh-chen, General Yang Hu, Commander of the Corps and about 40 representatives of Chinese Authorities were present. The function lasted about an hour. There are now 150 cadets who have been selected from various units of the Pacantui and the training will last three months.

Recruits

53 recruits enlisted in Nantao and Pootung for the 88th Division left Shanghai South for Hangchow by train at 4.20 p.m. July 20.

Movement of Naval Ships

The Transport "Tingan" arrived at Kae-chong-miao from Hanking at 7 a.m. July 20.

The Gunboat "Chungshan" arrived at Kae-chong-miao from Woosung at 8 a.m. July 20.

The Gunboat "Yih-sien" left Kae-chong-miao for Hanking at 10 a.m. July 20.

D. 3648

APPENDIX

June 15, 1935.

Military

Local Pacantui or Peace Preservation Corps and Military Police

In addition to the 7th and 11th Companies of the 2nd Regiment of the Pacantui or Peace Preservation Corps which have been dissolved and their members absorbed by other units (Vide Appendix to I.R. 27/4/33), the 3rd Company of the 1st Battalion of the 2nd Regiment has also been dealt with in the same manner.

The following table gives the present disposition, strength and equipment of the Pacantui.

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Strength & Equipment</u>	<u>Commander</u>	<u>Billet</u>
The 1st Regiment with Headquarters in the Police Training Depot, 250 Kung Woo Road, (共和路), Chapei.			
Commander Chen Tso-ming (陳卓民).			
1) 1st Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	500 infantrymen, armed with rifles, 6 machine guns, 2 of a light pattern and 2 motor cycles.	Major Chow Ping Yuan (周平遠)	222 Tien Tung An Road, Chapei. 天通巷路
2) Special Service Company & 2nd Battalion Headquarters.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Liu Wan Chun (劉萬鈞)	Police Training Depot, Kung Woo Road, Chapei.
6th Company, 2nd Battalion.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles	-do-	-do-
3) 5th Company, 2nd Battalion.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles	-do-	Liuho 瀏河 太陽廟路錢江會館
4) 7th Company, 2nd Battalion.	124 infantrymen, armed with Mauser pistols.	-do-	Chien Kiang Guild, 381 Tai Yang Miao Road, Chapei.
5) 8th Company, 2nd Battalion	124 infantrymen, armed with 4 machine guns, 40 pistols and 80 rifles.	-do-	591 Kwangtsao Road, Chapei. 廣肇路 共和新路
6) Signal Corps.	42 infantrymen, armed with pistols.		116 Kung Woo Sing Road, Chapei.
The 2nd Regiment with Headquarters in the Sze Chia Zu (施家祠) Temple, Sung Ka Zah, Siccawei.			
Commander Zi Hsueh Chi (齊學啟).			
7) 1st Company, 1st Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Doong Pao Ling (董保輝)	273 & 531 Pu Zuan Road, Chapei. 普善路
8) 2nd Company, 1st Battalion.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	4 Siao So Doo Road, Chapei. 小沙渡路
9) 4th Company, 1st Battalion	124 machine gunners armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols & 80 rifles.	-do-	Pangpu. 彭浦鄉南小紅廟
10) Special Ser-vice Company, Pacantui Head-quarters.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles & 3 motor trucks.		Shanghai Municipality Road. 市政府

7

11) Guards attached to 2nd Regimental Headquarters.	42 infantrymen, armed with 34 rifles and 4 light machine guns.		Sung Ka Zah, Siccawei (徐家匯沈家宅)
12) "Stokes" Gun Company, -do-	124 stokes gunners, armed with 6 stokes guns, 40 Mauser pistols & 80 rifles.		Kiangnan Arsenal, Kaochongmiao (高昌廟兵工廠)
13) Signal Corps, -do-	42 infantrymen, armed with rifles.		Tinghai Guild, Sing Jao Rd, Nantao (新橋路定海會館)
14) 8th Company, 2nd Battalion, and Battalion Headquarters.	124 machine gunners Major Tseu Soong Ka Zu (宋家), armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 80 rifles.		Ping (鄧斌) San Koh Ka (三角街) Siccawei.
15) 5th Company, 2nd Battalion.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Pahlungkiang (白龍港).
16) 6th Company, 2nd Battalion.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles	-do-	Chungsan Road, off Hung Jao Road (中山路虹橋路)
17) 10th Company, 3rd Battalion.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Tamg Seu Tse (唐守芝)	San Ching Miao (三汪廟) Jess-field.
18) 9th Company, 3rd Battalion	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Chungsan Road (中山路) 大夏大學對面
19) 12th Company, 3rd Battalion, and Battalion Headquarters.	124 machine gunners, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 80 rifles.	-do-	Hsu's Garden (徐家花園), Si Kwang Foh Road. (西光復路). 曹家渡 (曹家渡湖北)

The following table shows the disposition of the Military Police :

The 1st Regiment with Headquarters in the Lung-hwa (龍華) Temple, Lung-hwa. Commander Chang Tsemg (張鎮).

1st & 3rd Companies, 2nd Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	252 soldiers.	Lung-hwa Temple, Lung-hwa.
2nd Battalion and Battalion Headquarters.	378 soldiers.	-do-
9th Company, 3rd Battalion.	126 soldiers.	-do-
Signal Corps.	42 soldiers.	-do-
"Stokes" Gun Company.	126 'stokes' gunners.	-do-
Machine Gun Company.	126 soldiers.	-do-
2nd Company, 1st Battalion.	126 soldiers.	Kiangnan Arsenal, Kaochongmiao. 兵工廠內
120 soldiers attached to Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Headquarters.		Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Hdqrs. Lung-hwa. 警備司令部

APPENDIX

Military

Local Pacantui or Peace Preservation Corps and Military Police

Another reorganization has been introduced in the Pacantui or Peace Preservation Corps whereby the 7th and 11th Companies of the 2nd Regiment have been dissolved and about half of the members thus affected have been absorbed by the other units, and the remainder have been formed into a "Special Company," which, it is believed, is to serve as a Service Corps with three motor trucks.

The following table gives the present disposition, strength and equipment of the Pacantui.

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Strength & Equipment</u>	<u>Commander</u>	<u>Billet</u>
The 1st Regiment with Headquarters in the Police Training Depot, 250 Hung Moo Road (大和路), Chapei. Commander Chen so ling (陳卓明).			
Special Service Company of the 1st Regiment	124 infantrymen armed with rifles.		Police Training Depot, Hung Moo Road, Chapei.
Signal Corps, 1st Regiment.	42 infantrymen, armed with pistols.		66 Hing Li Road, Chapei.
1st Battalion	500 infantrymen, armed with rifles, 6 machine guns, 2 of a light pattern and 2 motor cycles.	Major Chow Ping-yuan (周平遠)	221 Hien Tung An Road, Chapei.
6th Company of the 2nd Battalion and Battalion Hdqs.	124 infantrymen armed with rifles	Major Liao an Chun (劉鵬鈞)	Police Training Depot, Hung Moo Road, Chapei.
7th Company.	124 infantrymen, armed with Mauser Pistols.	-do-	Chien Hing Guild, 381 Tai Yang Hiao Road, Chapei.
8th Company.	124 Infantrymen, armed with 4 machine guns, 40 pistols and 80 rifles.	-do-	Canton Guild, 591 Kwangchow Road.
5th Company.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Liuho.
The 2nd Regiment with Headquarters in the Sze Chia Zu (施子初) Temple, Sung Ma Zeh, Siccawei. Commander Si Ksueh Chi (席學啟).			
5th Company, 2nd Battalion.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	Major Tseu Ping (鄒斌)	Bahlungliang, Pootung.
"Stokes" gun Company attached to the 2nd Regimental Headquarters.	124 stokes gunners armed with 6 "Stokes" guns, 40 Mauser pistols & 80 rifles.		Kiangnan Arsenal, Naohongmiao.

Military (2)

Unit

Signal Corps, 2nd Regiment.	21 infantrymen, armed with rifles.		Tinghai Guild, Sing Jao Road, Kantoo.
-do-	21 infantrymen, armed with rifles.		Hing Jao Guild, Tien Yeh Jao Road, off Siccawei.
4th Company, 1st Battalion, 2nd Regiment and Battalion Headquarters.	124 machine gun- ners armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 80 rifles.	Major Li Song Tsung (李士宗).	Pangpu.
1st Company, 1st Battalion.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Yangchow Guild, 273 Lu Suen Rd, Chapei.
2nd Company, 1st Battalion.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Toh Sing 3rd - Flour Mill, Chung- san Road.
3rd Company, 1st Battalion.	124 infantrymen armed with rifles.	-do-	San Ching Miao (三濟廟), Jossfield.
8th Company, 2nd Battalion, and Battalion Headquarters.	124 machine gun- ners armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 80 rifles.	Major Pseu Ping (鄒平)	Soong Chia Zu (宋家祖) Temple, San Loh Li, Siccawei.
6th Company, 2nd Battalion.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Chu Hong Guild, Chungsan Road.
12th Company, 3rd Battalion, and Battalion Headquarters.	124 machine gun- ners, armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 80 rifles.	Major Tang San Yee (唐年之)	Hsu's Garden, Kwang Toh Road.
9th Company, 3rd Battalion.	124 infantrymen armed with rifles.	-do-	2687 Chungsan Road.
10th Company, 3rd Battalion.	124 infantrymen, armed with rifles.	-do-	Yangchow Guild, Kong Chui Road.
Special Service Company.	124 armed with rifles with three motor trucks.		Shanghai Muni- cipality.

The following is the disposition of the Military Police:
The 1st Regiment with Headquarters in the Lungwa Temple.
Commander Chang Tseng (張鎮).

1st & 2nd Battalions.	1008 soldiers.	Lungwa Temple.
Stokes Gun Company, 1st Regiment.	136 stokes gunners.	Woosung-Shanghai Defence Commissioner's Hdqrs.
Signal Corps	42 infantrymen	-do-
Machine Gun Company and Infantry Company, of the 3rd Battalion.	252 soldiers.	Kiangnan Arsenal, Kaochongmiao.

D 3648

March 13 1933

March 13 33.

Dear Warren,

With reference to your inquiry, the two armed Chinese on duty opposite Jessfield Park are guarding No.947 Brennan Road, the Central Research Institute, where Chinese products intended for exhibition at the Chicago Fair are at present on exhibition. These armed men belong to a party of thirty members of the Pacantui (Peace Preservation Corps) who have been lent by General Yang Hu to protect the exhibits at the exhibition. They will soon be withdrawn.

Yours sincerely,



Captain C.F. Warren,
Brigade Major,
Yu Yuen Road Camp.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.1, Special Branch ~~SECRET~~

REPORT

Date March 11, 1933.

Subject (in full) Armed Chinese on duty at entrance to Central
Research Institute, 947 Brenan Road.

Made ✓ and Forwarded by Superintendent Robertson,

The two armed Chinese ^{*on duty at entrance to Jessfield Park*} (referred to in attached
memo) are members of the Pacantui (Peace Preservation Corps)
from which unit some thirty men in uniform and armed
have been supplied by Pacantui Headquarters (General Yang Hu)
to the Exhibition of Chinese Products Intended for Exposition
in the Chicago Fair located in the Central Research Institute
at 947 Brenan Road (opposite Jessfield Park). These men
will be withdrawn shortly as the Exhibition was closed on
March 5, its staff at the moment being engaged in winding
up affairs.

J. Robertson

Superintendent.

Officer i/c Special Branch.

Memorandum.

POLICE FORCE.
MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

To SE, Shanghai, 10:30 1933

The Argyll
and Sutherland
Highlanders
report that a ~~of~~
souple of armed
Chinese are on duty
opposite Jessfield
Park and have
through Capt. Warren
requested information
as to who they are.

W. H. G.

N. D. 3648

February 15, 1933

Military

Movement of Troops

23648
The 8th Company (124 infantrymen armed with rifles) attached to the 2nd Battalion of the 1st Regiment of the local peace preservation corps under the command of Major Liu Han Sun (刘万钧), who was stationed in a house dwelling at the corner of Ningning and Ningshin roads, Hupai, left for Niuke at 6 a.m. February 15, for the purpose of carrying out bandit suppression at that place.

Recruits

Sixteen recruits enlisted in Hanton and sent for the 80th Division stationed at Yangchow left Shanghai south by train for their destination at 4.30 p.m. February 15.

Movement of Naval Ship

The gunboat "Yungui" left Waikowang Jettty for Hankow at 6 a.m. February 15.

REORGANIZATION

REORGANIZATION OF THE 1ST REGIMENT

Reorganization has been effected in the 1st Regiment of the 1st Cavalry Division (Reorganized) as follows: the 3rd Battalion has been disbanded. The majority of this unit is now in the 1st Cavalry Division. The 1st Battalion of the 1st Cavalry Division has been reorganized into the 1st Battalion of the 1st Cavalry Division to fill vacancies left by those who have resigned or whose services have been terminated.

The following table gives the present disposition, strength and equipment of the 1st Cavalry Division.

Unit	Strength & Equipment	Commander	Location
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The 1st Regiment with Headquarters in the Police Training Depot (警察所), Kung Lee Road (共利路), Chong Chai, Commander Chen Zhe King (陈卓基).

1st Battalion	300 infantrymen armed with rifles, 3 machine guns, 1 of a light pattern and 2 motor cycles.	Major Chen Hsi Hien Tung	Police Training Depot, 250 Kung Lee Road.
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Special Service Company of the 1st Regiment	120 infantrymen armed with rifles.		Police Training Depot, 250 Kung Lee Road.
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4th Company of the 2nd Battalion	120 infantrymen armed with rifles.	Major Lin	-do-
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5th Company, 2nd Battalion	120 infantrymen armed with rifles.	-do-	In Chinese speaking region of Singapore, 120 Singapore Road, Chong Chai.
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6th Company, 2nd Battalion	120 infantrymen armed with rifles.	-do-	Same as above, 120 Singapore Road, Chong Chai.
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Military (1)

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Armament</u>	<u>Commander</u>	<u>Location</u>
1st company, 1st Battalion.	124 infantrymen armed with 4 machine guns, 40 pistols and 80 rifles.	Major Liu an Shue	Chia Hsiang, Hsiang Hsiang.
2nd Regiment with headquarters in the 1st, Hsiang Hsiang, Hsiang Hsiang.			
2nd Regiment (2nd Battalion) (2nd Battalion).			
	42 guards attached to the 2nd Regimental HQs, armed with 34 x 12.7 mm light machine guns.		Chia Hsiang, Hsiang Hsiang, Hsiang Hsiang.
1st company, 1st Battalion.	124 machine gunners armed with 6 "tanks" guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 80 rifles.		Chia Hsiang, Hsiang Hsiang.
2nd company, 1st Battalion.	42 infantrymen armed with rifles.		Chia Hsiang, Hsiang Hsiang, Hsiang Hsiang.
3rd company, 1st Battalion.	124 infantrymen armed with rifles.	Major Li Jang Young (李江永)	Chia Hsiang, Hsiang Hsiang, Hsiang Hsiang.
4th company, 1st Battalion.	124 infantrymen armed with rifles.	-do-	Chia Hsiang, Hsiang Hsiang, Hsiang Hsiang.
5th company, 1st Battalion.	124 infantrymen armed with rifles.	-do-	Chia Hsiang, Hsiang Hsiang, Hsiang Hsiang.
6th company, 1st Battalion.	124 machine gunners armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols and 80 rifles.	-do-	Chia Hsiang, Hsiang Hsiang, Hsiang Hsiang.
7th company, 1st Battalion.	124 infantrymen armed with rifles.	Major Tsen Hsiang (陈祥)	Chia Hsiang, Hsiang Hsiang, Hsiang Hsiang.
8th company, 1st Battalion.	-do-	-do-	Chia Hsiang, Hsiang Hsiang, Hsiang Hsiang.
9th company, 1st Battalion.	-do-	-do-	Chia Hsiang, Hsiang Hsiang, Hsiang Hsiang.

Military (3)

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Strength & Equipment</u>	<u>Commander</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
8th Company, 2nd Battalion.	124 machine gunners armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Hauser pistols, and 80 rifles.	Major Lee. (劉斌).	1st Battalion. Yeh 2nd Battalion.
11th Company, 3rd Battalion Baqra.	124 machine gunners armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Hauser pistols & 80 rifles.	Major Lee. Yeh Lee. (廖子).	1st Battalion. 2nd Battalion. 3rd Battalion.
9th Company, 3rd Battalion.	124 infantrymen armed with rifles.	-do-	1st Battalion. 2nd Battalion. 3rd Battalion.
10th Company, 3rd Battalion.	124 infantrymen armed with rifles.	-do-	-do-
11th Company, 3rd Battalion.	-do-	-do-	Administration office of the Shanghai Municipality of Route Chiao.

December 25, 1932.

Public Sale of Opium in Shanghai.

"The Special Service Department" of the Pacantai, the controlling organ of the opium monopoly in Chinese controlled territory was in the middle of December annexed and incorporated en bloc into the Bureau of Public Safety in accordance with the instructions of Mayor Wu Te-chen.

This step was taken by the Mayor it is reported in order to facilitate his control over the drug combine as Wen Hung Ku, the Chief of the Bureau, is a follower of his, while Yang Ma (楊馬), the Commander of the local Pacantai, is a nominee of Tu Yueh Sung and not under the influence of the Mayor.

So far no protest against this change has been forthcoming from Yang Ma and it is thought that he is waiting until the Spring of 1933 when the Pacantai will have been enlarged by the addition of two regiments, permission for the organization of which as well as the supply of arms and ammunition has been promised by General Chiang Kai-shek through the Military Committee of the National Government.

The Chief of the "Special Tax Bureau of the Whole Province of Kiangsu" (江蘇全省特稅局) located at Chinkiang which controls the opium monopoly in Kiangsu is one Lee Tuh Yang (盧獨芳) alias Lee Ying Min (盧映明), native of Peking and ex-Commissioner of Finance of the Hupoh Provincial Government. The original plan to appoint the Commissioner of Finance subsequently to this post has not been adhered to.

- : -

Local Pacantui or Peace Preservation Corps

The Pacantui recently received from Nanking 12 machine guns, eight of which have been distributed to the 1st and 2nd Battalions of the 1st Regiment for use. The 3rd Battalion of this Regiment is still in the course of formation.

The following table gives the present disposition strength and equipment of the local Pacantui or Peace Preservation Corps.

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Strength & Equipment</u>	<u>Commander</u>	<u>Billet</u>
The 1st Regiment with Headquarters in the Police Training Depot (警察所), Kung Woo Road (共和路), Chapei. Commander Chen Tso Ming (陈卓明).			
1st Battalion	500 infantrymen armed with rifles, 6 machine guns 2 of a light pattern and 2 motor cycles.	Major Chow Ping Yuen (周炳元)	221 Tien Tung An Rd., Chapei.
5th, 6th & 8th Companies, 2nd Battalion.	372 infantrymen armed with rifles 6 machine guns 2 of a light pattern and 4 motor cycles.	Major Lieu Van Chun (刘万春)	Police Training Depot, Kung Woo Sing Rd., Chapei.
7th Company, 2nd Battalion	124 infantrymen armed with Mauser pistols	-do-	Tai Yang Miao, a temple on Tai Yang Miao Rd. Chapei.
9th Company, 3rd Battalion.	124 unarmed cadets.	(Officer not yet appointed)	Yoh Ying Tong Benevolent Society No. 11 Sing Ma Road, Chapei.
10th Company, 3rd Battalion.	124 unarmed cadets.	(Officer not yet appointed)	Sung Ching Zoe (董经卓), 770 Chung Hwa Sing Rd., Chapei.

The 2nd Regiment with Headquarters in the Shaoshing Guild, Chueh Mung Road, Nantao.
Commander Zi Hsueh Chi (齐雪智).

Unit	Strength & Equipment	Commander	Billet
	42 guards attached to the 2nd Regimental Hqrs. armed with 34 rifles & 4 light machine guns.		Shaoshing Guild, Chueh Hung Road., Nantao.
"Stokes" gun Company attached to the 2nd Regimental Hqrs.	124 "stokes" gunners armed with 6 "stokes" guns, 40 Mauser pistols & 80 rifles.		Tinghai Guild Sing Jao Rd., Nantao.
1st Company, 1st Battalion	124 infantrymen armed with rifles.	Major Li Song Tsung (李士雄)	Kweun Ying Koh Temple, Fah Hwa Village.
2nd Company, 1st Battalion	124 infantrymen armed with rifles.	-do-	Fah Hwa Village.
3rd Company, 1st Battalion	124 infantrymen armed with rifles	-do-	San Ching Miao (三經廟).
4th Company, 1st Battalion	124 machine gunners armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols & 80 rifles.	-do-	Fah Hwa Village.
5th Company, 2nd Battalion	124 infantrymen armed with rifles.	Major Tseu Ping (鄒斌)	Sung Ka Z Temple, Siccawei Village.
6th Company, 2nd Battalion	-do-	-do-	Chu Kong Guild Chung San Rd.
7th Company, 2nd Battalion	-do-	-do-	Mung Chiao Guild, Tien Yah Jao Road, off Siccawei.
8th Company, 2nd Battalion	124 machine gunners armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols, & 80 rifles.	Major Tseu Ping (鄒斌).	Mung Chiao Guild, Tien Yah Jao Road, off Siccawei.
12th Company, 3rd Battalion	124 machine gunners armed with 6 machine guns, 40 Mauser pistols, & 80 rifles.	Major Tong Seu Tse (唐守之).	Hunan Guild, Arsenal Rd., Nantao.
9th Company, 3rd Battalion	124 infantrymen armed with rifles.	-do-	Chaowei Guild Zia Tu Road, Nantao.
10th Company, 3rd Battalion	124 infantrymen armed with rifles.	-do-	-do-
11th Company, 3rd Battalion	124 infantrymen armed with rifles.	-do-	Administration Office of the S'hai Mun. off Route Ghisi

POLICE FORCE

Nov. 1938

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COPY

Translation of despatch No. 18 from the
Shanghai Peace Preservation Corp to Council.

Dated 3rd November, 1938.

Peace Preservation appointments.

Instructions (No. 346) have been received from the Municipality of Greater Shanghai, appointing Yang Hu (楊 虎) as Commissioner for peace reservation in Shanghai, and also Instructions (No. 347), appointing Tseng Tseh-seng (曾 則 生) as the Assistant Commissioner. In pursuance of these instructions both the appointees reported for office on the 1st instant. Apart from reporting this fact and issuing the necessary orders, in connection therewith, the Council is hereby informed of the appointments.

(Chopped) Shanghai Peace Preservation Corp.

Quity

7

SI, Please note and return to Registry.

6:11:22

Correspondence

WHAT IS GAMBLING?

The recent gambling raid in Racecourse Road seems to have created quite a stir in Tientsin, especially among the foreign community, many of whom maintain that the raid was not warranted and that the establishment in question was merely a private club where members adjourned for a quiet little game of poker.

The gambling laws are both complicated and elastic, not only in China but in other countries as well, especially Great Britain. In the latter country sweepstakes are prohibited and considered as illegal, no matter for what purpose they may be held, even for charity, as for instance the Irish Hospital Sweeps. Even in the British concession in Tientsin which comes under British law, the selling by any person or any firm of an Irish Hospital sweep is regarded as illegal and against the law, although hundreds of Irish hospital sweeps are openly sold and bought within the precincts of the British Concession. Sweep tickets are sent to Tientsin from Ireland to firms and individuals, even books of tickets, with a free ticket for anybody who sells, though - strictly and legally speaking it is against the law. One can go to any private club in Tientsin for that matter and play poker, nap, bridge, "beat your neighbour out of doors", or any other card game, and - legally

speaking - it is within the law, but to play poker for any monetary stakes among friends, say at one of the local hotels, would be infringing the law, according to the British standpoint. Roulette, of course, is tabooed, it is a mechanical game, and therefore is a pure game of chance, with most chances in favour of the "house."

There is certainly a great need for changing the "gambling laws." A little flutter now and again adds a certain amount of filip to one's existence, nothing is said about taking a ten dollar sweep ticket on the "Champions". Everybody does it, Chinese and foreigners alike, it is a big money making proposition for the clubs who issue the tickets, charities benefit by the takings, somebody wins a big prize and the majority lose. But there is never a grouse on the part of those who have tempted fortune, even if they do lose. They will try again next year. Sweep tickets are sold wholesale on the Paper Hunts, the Baseball games, in fact any old chance of getting a big return for a small outlay is eagerly indulged in by the optimistic public. But nothing is heard about it, the law does not pounce down upon the sellers of the tickets or those fortunate or unfortunate ones, as the case may be, who try their luck in the hope of amassing a few extra dollars for a small outlay. After all, it is only human nature. But to open a gambling house where the public may assemble and play poker, other card games or roulette - that

is a crime and is punishable by law. What is the difference between taking a chance on the Champions or putting a few paltry dollars on the red, black or white in a roulette game? China ponies are just as elusive and uncertain as the roulette wheel, but just because some individual with a reforming turn of mind decided to make a law against gambling, this person or individual succeeded in getting the rather stupid law passed. It was evaded in all kinds of subtle ways, but those who happened to be caught paid the penalty.

The most significant part about the Racecourse Rd. raid is that it was carried out according to Chinese law & strict instructions from Nanking, we will admit. Yesterday morning's raid on the gambling house in Racecourse road, to speak frankly, was a real farce, and the only redeeming feature about the whole affair was the fact that the foreigners who were caught in the trap were 'courteously treated', thanks to the presence of General Ralph Lulu, a well known and much respected Chinese resident of Tientsin, who has many foreign friends, even amongst those whom he was compelled to arrest, according to instructions and according to the law. Some Russians and Chinese were also caught in the "net". We do not know what is going to happen, perhaps they will be made an example of. Whether they will be fined or imprisoned we do not know, but in the interest of law and justice we trust our Chinese friends and our Russian friends, who enjoy no extra-territorial rights will be treated with the same courtesy as afforded those foreigners enjoying extra-territorial rights and privileges.

We believe that yesterday morning's "bag" included quite a number of respectable and well known foreign residents of Tientsin, both military and civilian. They underwent an unfortunate experience through the unexpected raid, they were arrested at the point of the pistol, bundled into waiting motor cars and whisked off to police headquarters, detained there for several hours while a certain amount of red tape was gone through, inconvenienced and annoyed, but finally released on giving their full names, addresses and occupation. Beyond that there was nothing to be really worried about, neither do we think that any stigma is attached to their names because they were unfortunate enough to be caught in a gambling house "unofficially" authorized while engaged in a quite human pastime of trying to get rich with the minimum amount of outlay.

Gambling is gambling, no matter in what form, but to try and split hairs about what form this gambling should be indulged in, is farcical to say the least. In our opinion playing a poker game --- which is a game of "bluff" --- for money, placing ten dollars on a roulette wheel, or taking a chance on a China pony in a sweepstake all comes under the category of taking a chance or a flutter to tempt Dame Fortune or in the words of the law it is "gambling." We fully concur with a certain individual who said that the law "is an ass" and this applies to the "Gambling Law" as well, as it stands at present.

Yours truly,

GAMBLER.

North China
Daily Mail.

華北日報
HUA-PEI-JIH-PAO

Friday, September 16th, 1932

The Gambling Raid

WE cannot say that we are surprised that the Chinese authorities raided the gambling house in Racecourse road. It was only to be expected. Although it has been in existence only for a comparatively short period, and was supposed to have the protection of the local Chinese authorities in return for a certain sum to be paid down monthly as "commission" on the takings, sooner or later the screw would have been applied, and as subsequent events have clearly proven the "screw" was applied followed by an unexpected raid. The "bag" cannot be said to have been a very big one, and neither from the financial point of view was any large amount of money found on the premises. It was unfortunate that some foreigners were caught on the premises at the time of the raid, but beyond a visit to the police station, the taking of names and addresses and a forced and inconvenient stay at police headquarters the raid was quite a tame affair. It was carried out in an orderly and quiet manner—as far as the foreigners were concerned—and the presence of General Ralph Lulu, Chief of Police of the First, Second and Third Special Areas tended to assure the foreigners that no harm would come to them.

It was only a few years ago when Tientsin boasted of several gambling establishments, some of which were quite luxurious places, but one by one they were all closed down by the Chinese authorities, the last one to go being the "Louvre" where the rather childish game of "lotto" was indulged in. It must also be borne in mind that when General Lulu received instructions from Nanking to make a clean-up of all gambling dens and other undesirable haunts, he carried out his orders to the letter. Therefore, it was only to be expected that any person whether foreign or Chinese, who ignored these orders would have the law upon them. The "protection" game is now old fashioned and out-of-date. Even supposing the police officials had been bribed to allow the gambling den to be open and run under police protection or supervision, the protection soon ceases when any rift in the lute occurs. In this particular instance, the raid was nothing of a sensational nature, so far no fines were imposed and nothing taken away from the foreigners of a private or personal nature.

Undoubtedly, the presence of General Lulu made things much easier for the foreigners caught in the raid. It should be a lesson not to visit gambling houses in Tientsin, no matter what the wily proprietors may say about police "protection" and so forth. It is all "bunkum."

TIENTSIN, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1932

GAMBLING HOUSE ON RACE COURSE ROAD RAIDED BY POLICE

Ten Foreigners And Fifteen
Employees Of House Taken
To Safety Bureau; Chinese
And Two Russians Held In
Custody

Thirty armed police of the Public Safety Bureau, led by Major-General Ralph Lulu, gun in hand, raided a gambling house on Race Course Road, just beyond the Villa West Lake, in the early hours of yesterday morning. Five dollars Mex. (eighty disappeared in the excitement), five British, two Americans, two Russians, one Spaniard, fifteen Chinese employees of the house, a roulette wheel and some chips were the total result of the raid. There was only one casualty, one Chinese policeman shot in the leg with his own gun.

All the persons arrested were rushed in automobiles along Victoria Road and Rue de France to the Bureau of Public Safety. After the raid, the house was searched and five British, two Americans, two Russians, one Spaniard, fifteen Chinese employees of the house, a roulette wheel and some chips were the total result of the raid. There was only one casualty, one Chinese policeman shot in the leg with his own gun.

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citizen was seated in the next room, before a Henderson Radio, perched on top of the ice box, where refreshments were stored. Music from a grand opera in Moscow had just been tuned in to encourage the guests, not to play but to buy the machine, which owing to the difference in time could not be demonstrated in any other place opened in the wee hours of the morning.

Suddenly at 2.20 a.m. the operatic music was jarred by the discordant ringing of three bells, the prearranged signal of alarm which was quickly followed by a revolver shot. The American radio operator shut off his music and rushed into the main room, just as General Lulu and his armed police, all with drawn and cocked guns, entered the other door. The foreigners were all covered and forced at the point of guns to one side of the room. One of the Chinese attendants who was near the table was thoroughly startled by the police who finally stopped at the foreigners' protest.

Wheel Located

General Lulu asked for the wheel which had mysteriously disappeared, but was later found outside the window on the verandah. He then asked for the money but the draw containing it had also disappeared. When it was finally recovered it contained only five dollars Mex. The Spanish manager explained that they did not keep much cash, but paid winnings by check. He explained that there should have been eight-five dollars in the drawer and declared that the police had taken the eighty that was missing. General Lulu then said that the manager must open the safe, but the manager explained that they had no safe in the house and a search by the police showed this to be a fact.

In the early part of the excitement the wounded policeman was brought in and placed in a chair. At first nobody paid much attention to him, but later an argument arose as to how he was shot. The foreigners declared that he stumbled and shot himself. He first said that one of the Russians beat him in the face and he shot himself in the leg. Later he claimed that one of the foreigners pushed his gun down and it went off. All agreed that he was shot by his own gun.

Lady Not Arrested

When the shot was fired a lady,

who was sleeping on the floor above sprang from her bed and locked her door. The police broke through it and ordered her to put on her clothes and come down. The lady flatly refused and stuck to her bed. Finally the police went off and left her there.

In the meantime the foreigners vehemently protested against their arrest and demanded to phone their various consular authorities. But the police absolutely refused and kept them covered with guns of half a dozen different kinds and calibres. One of the foreigners who knew General Lulu rather well stepped forward to talk to him but the gun of a policeman pushed him back.

General Lulu explained that the gambling house was not in his Special Area and that he had just been called in to assist the City Police. He added that the foreigners should "be glad he was there." He led the party as they were all loaded into motor cars and taken with armed guards on the running horses to the Bureau of Public Safety. Here they were kept for an hour or more before they were permitted to get into communication with their consular authorities.

Wounded For Arms

They were called to sign statements that the police had not searched them fully but they flatly refused, although each one gave a name, address and nationality. They were searched for arms by the police when they were first arrested but nothing was taken from them. They were not allowed water or anything else to eat. Although some of them by a subtle racial order could ordinarily dispose of millions of dollars, they were very poor in the eyes of the Chinese. One of the Chinese finally offered his pack of smokes which was at once exhausted.

All of the Chinese employees were taken to the Bureau of Public Safety, except the cook who, the foreigners say, was left to cook for the policemen who remained on guard at the house. Some of the foreigners declared that the gambling house, which had been running for about six months, had been given permission by the police of the area to which it is located, and that only two days before the raid another for the 1932 Autumn Festival had been said.

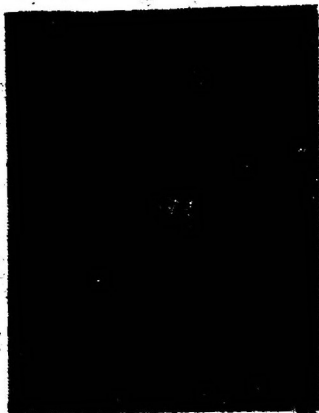
Chia An Sato

The existence of the gambling house has been generally known throughout the town, and foreigners have gone there quite openly and freely. The patrons, both men and women, included well known members of the community, officials, army officers, their wives and others.

The chits are all safe, and it is said they will be presented in due course. One of the foreigners caught in the raid was nine hundred dollars down, but there was no signing of chits after the police arrived.

NORTH CHINA STAR

TIENTSIN, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1932

MAJOR-GENERAL LULU
RESUMES HIS DUTIES
IN SPECIAL AREAS

Major-Gen. Lulu

Major-General Ralph Lulu, who headed the 1,150 Peiping special police and proceeded to Shanghai last spring to take over the area evacuated by the Japanese following the Sino-Japanese conflict in that city, has returned to Tientsin. General Lulu had been indisposed for the past few days and was able only yesterday to resume his duties as Commissioner of the First, Third and Fourth Special Areas.

The General expressed satisfaction that there had been no difficulty in taking over the terri-

tory from the hands of the Japanese, and also voiced appreciation for the assistance accorded him by the police authorities of the International Settlement and French Concession of Shanghai.

The Peiping special police patrolled in the evacuated areas during the past three months. Later a portion of the force was reorganized and combined with the Chinese municipal police of Shanghai. The remainder, numbering over six hundred men, have returned to the north. The Chinese authorities in Tientsin and Peiping are endeavoring to secure some work for these six hundred men.

General Lulu will now stay in Tientsin permanently and will devote his entire time in the administrative affairs of the three special areas.

Gen. Lulu Puzzled

One fact which puzzled the public as well as General Lulu himself is that immediately after his departure from Shanghai, the vernacular press of that port printed an article that Lulu, accompanied by six hundred of the Peiping special police, had returned to the north. The next day, the Municipality of Greater Shanghai approached the newspapers concerned and asked for a correction to be made to the effect that General Lulu did not return to the north but was on temporary leave of absence. As General Lulu is not connected with the Shanghai Municipality it was unnecessary to obtain leave of absence from the municipal authorities.

Reg. Please attach file
re General Lulu. JH
23:9:32

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL

S. B. REGISTRATION

3648

28 / 8 / 32

Extract from Intelligence Report 27.8.32.

- : -

Peace Preservation Corps.

Major General Lulu, Commander of the Peiping policemen despatched to Shanghai in June, 1932, to take over the area in Chapei evacuated by the Japanese troops, left Shanghai for Nanking by train on August 25 en route to Peiping.

Members of the Peace Preservation Corps of the Shanghai Municipality were issued their wages ranging from \$12.50 to \$15 for the month of July on August 22.

4580
POLICE FORCE
FOR INFORMATION

SHANGHAI MUNICIPALITY 8/18/32

Translation of Despatch No. 3 to Council
from Pao An Ch'u, Municipality of Greater
Shanghai.
Dated 25th August, 1932.

Pao An Ch'u: Vigilance Department.

We have received the following instructions from the
Municipal Government of Greater Shanghai, (Order 2122):-

"Following telegram received from the Executive Yuan :

'The regulations governing the Pao An Ch'u (Vigilance
Department) have been notified. The Pao An Ch'u was
instituted in Kiangsu, Chekiang, and Kiangsi with the
sanction of the now defunct Headquarters of the Army,
Navy and Air Force Commander-in-Chief. Following
precedents, the regulations were submitted to the
Military Affairs Commission for consideration; they
have now been approved, and you are hereby notified
by wire.'

Copy of Regulations enclosed. You are directed to organize
the Pao An Ch'u without delay and to report on the matter."

With the Order was enclosed a copy of the Regulations.

On the same date Order No. 2127 was received:

"An official seal bearing the inscription "Seal of Pao An
Ch'u, Municipality of Greater Shanghai (上海市保安處關防)
and ivory chop with the characters 'Chief of Pao An Ch'u,
Municipality of Greater Shanghai' (上海市保安處處長)
and two ivory chops for the Deputy Chiefs, bearing the
characters 'Deputy Chief of Pao An Ch'u, Municipality of
Greater Shanghai (上海市保安處副處長) have been engraved
and are hereby issued to the Pao An Ch'u for use."

The above-mentioned official seal of wood and three
ivory chops have been received. In pursuance of the above-quoted
orders, the Pao An Ch'u was inaugurated on the 18th instant. The
seal and chops are in use. Please take note.

Wu Teh-cheng,

Concurrently Chief of Pao An Ch'u.

26 AUG. 1932

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

Special Branch 312 3648

Date August 14, 1932.

Subject (in full) Peace Preservation Corps

Made by D.I. Sin Tse-liang

Forwarded by Thos Robertson, Supt

Col. Huang Ming, Commander of the 1st Infantry Regiment of the Peace Preservation Corps, who has already submitted resignation to Mayor Wu Teh-chun, has not attended his office in Chapoi for the last three days, and Li Pah-long (李白所), Vice Commander of the 1st Regiment, is now officiating in his place.

Major Kwan Kung, Commander of the 1st Battalion of the 1st Regiment, who, it is reported has been at variance with Col. Huang Ming, has been transferred by the order of Mayor Wu to be the Vice Commander of 2nd Infantry Regiment.

It is reported that the ill-feeling between Col. Huang and Major Kwan originated from the latter's direct application sometime ago to the Mayor Wu, who is Kwan's relative, for an officer to be appointed as the Commander of the 2nd Company of his Battalion. Kwan's failure to report the vacancy of this post to Col. Huang Ming, his immediate superior, has so enraged the latter that during a conference Major Kwan was severely reprimanded by Col. Huang. Subsequent to this incident, Major Kwan was transferred and on August 13, a secret order was received by Col. Huang from Mayor Wu instructing him to put under arrest the following officers :-

Commanders of the 3rd & 4th Companies, 1st Battalion,
Vice Commanders of the 1st and 2nd Companies,
1st Battalion.

This order was instantly carried out and these four officers are still detained in the Regimental Headquarters, Chapoi, although no charge has been

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

Station,

Date..... 19

Subject (in full)

Made by

Forwarded by

- 2 -

preferred against them. It is generally believed that these officers ~~xxx~~, being followers of Col. Huang Ping, were responsible for carrying to him information to the detriment of Major Kwan. They have been removed from their posts by Mayor Lu at the instigation of Major Kwan. On March 14, four new officers were sent by the Peace Preservation Bureau to fill the post vacated. Looking upon this act as an indication of the Mayor's dissatisfaction with him, Col. Huang decided to resign his post as Commander of the 1st Infantry Regiment. It is reported that his resignation has not yet been formally accepted but a new Commander will be sent by the Bureau on or about 20/3/32 to take over the command of the Regiment.

Sik. Tse Liang
D. I.

Officer i/c Special Branch.

*SI. Please let me know if
Supt. Tan has any information
on this subject.*

*No further information has 18:8:32.
so far been received.*

*Tan 18/8
Commissioner of Police,
Sir, Information.*

*J. Lyons
D. I/c Sp. Br. 18:8:32*

*ML
19/8*

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

File No. 3647
S. V. D. B. Station
Date August 15, 1932

Subject (in full) Peace Preservation Corps

Made by Supt. Tan Shao-liang Forwarded by J. H. Robertson, Supt

With reference to the attached ^{report} on the subject of Peace Preservation Corps, further enquiries indicate that the matter referred to in paragraph 1 has been settled by the Chinese Municipality which has agreed to issue the wages to the non-commissioned members of the Peace Preservation Corps according to their original scale, viz: \$15 to \$17.

With reference to the quarrel of Col. Huang Ning and Captain Kwan Kung, referred to in paragraph 2, the former has the support of General Yen and the latter is backed up by Mayor Wu Teh-chen and so far this trouble has not yet been settled.

Tan Shao-liang
Superintendent.

Officer i/c Special Branch.

Commissioner of Police,
Sir,

Information.

M. G. L. G. L. G.

1678

\$1

As usual and pass to Reg. Write please.

16:8:32

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. No. REGISTRY

S. I. No. 3248 Station,

Date August 15, 1932

Subject (in full) Peace Preservation Corps

Made by D. I. Sih Tse-liang

Forwarded by

Thos Robertson, Supt.

It is reported that non-commissioned members of the Peace Preservation Corps have not yet been issued wages since its inauguration. According to the original scale, the wages of these members ranged from \$15 to \$17 but about a fortnight ago a secret order was issued by the Shanghai Municipality to reduce the sum to \$12.50 and \$15.00 which is even less than the wages of the constables of the Public Safety Bureau. Consequently a rumour is rife among the members of the Corps, particularly those formerly belonging to the Peiping constabulary, that as soon as this order is formally adopted, the majority of their number would resign. In order to prevent sudden disorder, the issue of wages has been withheld pending some new arrangement to ameliorate the situation.

It is reported that Col. Huang Ming, Commander of the 1st Infantry Regiment of the Peace Preservation Corps and Major Kwan Kung, Commander of the 1st Battalion of the Regiment have both recently submitted their resignation from their respective posts to Mayor Wu Teh-chen. This is said to be the outcome of bad feeling between these two officers and it is further reported that the latter named, who is a relative of Mayor Wu, is arrogant and insubordinate to Col. Huang Ming, his immediate superior.

Sih Tse Liang

D. I.

Officer i/c Special Branch.

*SI, Please include in
Daily Intelligence Report.
Supt. Jan any information about this
matter?*

15-8-32

FM. 1

Memorandum.

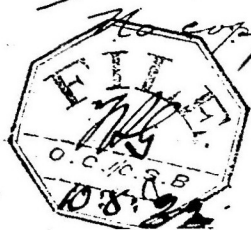
POLICE FORCE,
MUNICIPAL COUNCIL,

Shanghai, 5:8:1932.
To Reg.

Please let me
know if a copy of
Bulldog
Station Report was
sent to the Sp. Br.

[Signature]

O.C.S.B.
Sir,



No copy received
AC 7/9/32

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL
FIRE NO. 1111

REPORT

Bubbling Well Station,

Date 3rd August 1932.

Subject (in full) Arrival of members of the Peace Maintenance Corps & billeted
at a Chinese Temple off Amherst Road, O.O.L.

Made by S.I. Dalgetty

Forwarded by

R. Shellsell

Sir,

I beg to report that at 9.30 a.m. 3-8-32, P/S.336 McArdle (M/cycle patrol) came to the station and reported that Chinese soldiers were billeted at a Chinese Temple situate off Amherst Road O.O.L. Enquiries were made by the undersigned and ascertained that 150 men in uniform, known as "Peace Maintenance Corps" and armed with rifles and bombs, in charge of Captain Sung arrived from Sungkiang on the 3-8-32 on instructions received from the Municipality of Greater Shanghai. So far they have received no instructions as to their objective in Shanghai, but from what I could gather they are to be posted as guards on the outlying roads for the purpose of keeping good order. At present they maintain an armed guard consisting of two men at the entrance of the Temple doorway. Capt. Sung states that a further 100 men of the same Corps armed with machine guns will arrive in a few days from Sungkiang.

Further enquiries are being made to ascertain their object in coming to Shanghai.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

R. Dalgetty

D. O. "B".

*S.I. (Div. 1)
Information
J.S.B.
2 AUG 1932*

Sub-Inspector.

*Commissioner of Police
Informing
Red Spring field
D. C. (Division)*

AUG. - 3 1932

*a camouflage
garment
J.B.*

*MS
4/8*

Special Branch G-1-Station

Date August 4, 1932.

Made by D.I. Sin Tsz-liang

Forwarded by How Robertson, Supt

Unit & No. of Men

Billet

The 1st Battalion

South West of Jessfield

1372 infantry men,

Village and Zaowuking.

124 machine gunners *forth*

The 2nd Battalion

Loh's Garden, Lunghwa

(372 infantry ~~men~~,

124 machine gunners)

The 3rd Battalion

Hunan Guild,

(124 machine gunners)

Arsenal Road.

-do- (124 infantry ~~men~~

Chinese Building on

of the 7th Company)

Municipality Road.

-do- (248 infantry ~~men~~ of

Chaowei Guild, Zia Tu Road.

the 8th & 9th Companies)

Headquarters of the Regiment

Shaoshing Guild, Li

with 42 Signal ^{levs} ~~now~~.

Yuen Road.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No.

REPORT

..... Station,

Date 19

Subject (in full)

Made by Forwarded by

- 2 -

Unit & No. of men

Billet

130 Stokes Gunners with
six St. G. guns

Polytechnic School,
Lunghwa Road.

Sih Tse Liang

D. I.

Officer i/c Special Branch.

*SI, Please include in Daily Intell
Report and pass W. H. K. file. It
would be useful if we could obtain
particulars of the number of machine
guns, stokes guns, etc. in possession
of the local Chinese forces.*

JW
4:8:32

*Incl in I.R. of 5/8/32
with particulars of machine guns etc*

JR

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL

C. File No. 2648

Special Branch D. 1 Station

Date July 27 1932.

Subject (in full) Paoantui or Peace Preservation Bureau

Made by D.I. Sih Tsz-liang

Forwarded by J. H. Robertson, Supr

Following the withdrawal of Japanese troops from Chapei, a Peace Preservation Bureau was organized by the Municipality of Greater Shanghai on July 5 and with Mayor Wu Tieh-chen and General Wen Ying-sing, Chief of the Public Safety Bureau as the Chief and Deputy-Chief respectively, with the ostensible object of garrisoning the Shanghai area. This Bureau will control a unit to be known as "Shanghai Municipality Peace Preservation Corp" which will be composed of two Regiments to be known as Infantry Regiments, each of which will consist of 3,000 men.

According to the project under contemplation this corps will not only consist of Infantry but also will embody a motor cycle company, cavalry, a tank corps, communication corps and a medical section.

The 1st Infantry Regiment has been formally organized. The Chief is Colonel Huang Ming. It consists of three Battalions. Each Battalion is divided into four companies with 124 policemen in each company. The 1st Battalion is composed of members of the Reserve Unit of Public Safety Bureau, the 2nd Battalion is composed of the Peiping Policemen and the 3rd Battalion is still in the process of organization although the Commander Kiang Shing-tao (江聲濤) has been appointed.

With reference to the 2nd Infantry Regiment, it is learned that it will be organized out of the 6th Regiment of Military Police which has returned to Sungkiang from its Bandit Suppression Campaign in Kiangpeh. It is not known yet, however, when this

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No.

REPORT

..... Station,

Date 19

Subject (in full)

Made by Forwarded by

- 2 -

organization will take place as the Banking Government
is still hesitating to openly incorporate soldiers with
the Corps for fear of possible opposition from other
foreign powers.

Sik Tse Liang
D. I.

Officer i/c Special Branch.

*SI, Please include in Daily
Intelligence Summary and pass
W/Registry W/le.*

*Amended in
I.B. 28/7/32*

HR

27.7.32

FM. 1.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL COUNCIL

Memorandum.

POLICE FORCE,
MUNICIPAL COUNCIL,

To SI, Shanghai, 16:7:1932

Please make
investigations
about parts marked
and report.

J. H. S.

WHAT IS PAOANTUI ?

SHANGHAI, JULY 15.

THE SO CALLED PAOANTUI OR PEACE PRESERVATION CORPS, WHICH HAS BEEN ORGANIZED RECENTLY FOR THE OSTENSIBLE OBJECT OF PRESERVING THE ORDER IN THE AREA EVACUATED BY THE JAPANESE MARINES, IS COMPOSED OF ONE REGIMENT OF FULLY ARMED SOLDIERS, DIVIDED INTO THREE BATTALIONS. THE CHIEF OF THE PAOANTUI IS COLONEL HUANG MING.

THE MEMBERS OF THE CORPS ARE NOT ONLY EQUIPPED WITH RIFLES, MACHINE GUNS AND OTHER REGULAR WEAPONS OF SOLDIERS BUT THEY ALSO POSSESS TANK CORPS, COMMUNICATION CORPS AND MEDICAL SECTION. IN ADDITION, THE PAOANTUI HAS ITS OWN TRAINING CORPS WHICH ARE TO GIVE MILITARY TRAINING TO CANDIDATES TO MEMBERS OF THE CORPS. IT IS SAID THAT THE CHINESE AUTHORITIES ARE PLANNING TO INCREASE THE NUMBER OF THESE PAOANTUI MEN TO AS MANY AS 6,000 IN THE NEAR FUTURE. - PRESS UNION.

自日軍撤退後，吳市長即籌畫組織保安屬，實力三千，由市府直接管轄。保安隊共分二團，仿陸軍三三制。

為由國部組織機關槍連騎巡隊（即警察腳踏車隊）
鐵甲車隊及通信隊等。每團實力三千。第一團則由上

海公安局之原有保安隊及北平警察組成。團長為黃

明。其第二團即以前中央憲兵第六團改組。但迄已

成立者祇有第一團黃明部之第一大隊周聲華部，

及第二大隊劉萬鈞部。每一大隊又分四中队。每中队

共，有長警一百十名。其第一大隊為公安局原來，

保安隊可編者。第二大隊即北平警察所改編者。現

均駐防河北。其第三大隊長黃已委任江步清。但現

正在組織中。其第二團因中央尚有問題，故在停頓

中耳。

保安處長 吳鐵城 副處長 溫應星

正主任 曾則生 副主任 羅征猷

第一科長 溫克剛

第二科長 陳卓民

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. RECORDS

No. D. 1111
D. 1111

THE SHANGHAI TIMES, WEDNESDAY JULY 6, 1932

The second draft of 500 Peiping policemen to reach Shanghai was formally incorporated in the 1st Infantry Regiment of the Peace Preservation Bureau on Sunday as the 2nd. Company, with Liu Wan-chun as commander. Headquarters of the unit is in the Chien Chwang Guild, 576 Road.

7R

C.P. •
arranged his phone
on June 16.

17/6. S.H.P.
P.A.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLI
C. & S. R. REGISTRY
No. D. 3648
Date 7 16 1932

Despatch bearing Character No. 454 from the Public
Translation of Safety Bureau.

June 16, 1932.

To

Commissioner Gerrard,

Shanghai Municipal Police.

Sir,

This Bureau has decided to despatch a police force of 100 men, armed, under the command of senior officers to proceed to Chapei at 8 a.m., to-morrow (17th instant) in connection with the taking over of the district west of Sawgin Creek and east of the (Shanghai Woosung) Railway line. The party will pass through the Settlement via Szechuen and North Szechuen Roads. Apart from permission for the free passage being obtained through arrangements already made with you by an officer from this Bureau who was sent for the purpose, I would request that the police stations concerned be informed of the foregoing, and greatly oblige.

(Signed):

Wen Ying Hsing

Chief of the Bureau.

SKHO:

17/6

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

File No.
SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRAR
Kashang Road Station,
No. D 3648.
Date 29th May 1932
D. 121 6 1 32.

Subject (in full) further to report on opening of Chinese Police Station at
118 Ling-Ping Road, Chapel.

Made by D.S.I. Willgoss. Forwarded by *[Signature]*

Sir,

The above mentioned Police Station is under the
command of Inspector Wu Ding Shun (吳廷勳) of the Peiping
Police, and he has under him 100 uniform Police and 6 Detectives.

The station is known as the 3rd Section, 5th District
Police Station.

D.D.O. "D". R. G. 30/5

[Signature]
D.S.I.

D. G.

(Crim.)

OP
KMB
a.c.
30 May 1932

[Signature]
275

Vol. D 3648.

30 | 5 | 32.

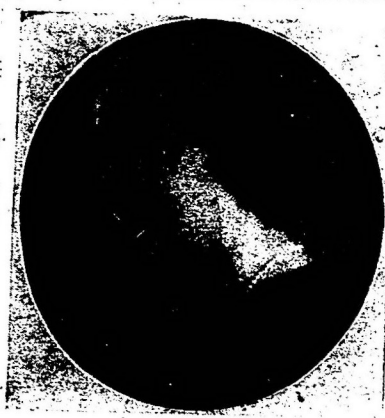
Shanghai Times, Sunday, May 29, 1932



COMMISSIONER. Major General Ralph Lulu, Commissioner in Charge of the new Chapel Police who have arrived from Peiping.—Joseffo.

See also 10545

虛錄



AN ARRIVAL. Mrs. R. Lulu, wife of Major-General Ralph Lulu, Commissioner in Charge of the new Chapel Special Police.—Joseffo.

QCSP

Sir

For information & return to. Received

please

C. R. 3075

Thanks

9/25

30:5:32

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

File No.	
SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE	
C. & S. B. REGISTRY	
Sinza Police Station,	
No. D. 3648.	
Date May 24th 1932	
Date 26 / 5 / 32.	

Subject (in full) Increase in Police, Chapei.

Made by and

Forwarded by C.I. Robertson.

Sir,

I beg to report that a further contingent of the Public Safety Bureau, en route from Nantao to Chapei, were met at Avenue Edward VII and Thibet Road corner at 12.45p.m. May 24 by Sub-Insptra Ware and Ting and escorted via Thibet and Sinza Roads to the Wuchen Road Bridge.

The party consisted of 250 armed men in charge of S.I. Li Shih Ying of the 5th Division and were conveyed in 10 motor furniture vans.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

W Robertson

Chief Inspector.

D.O. "B" Division.

D.C. (orig)

Information.

DIVISIONAL OFFICER "B" DIV.

C.P.
Information
Sub Springfield

W.R.
J.H.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

File No.
SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C & S. B. REGISTRY
West Hongkew Station,
V. D. 3648.

Date May 24th 1932
Date 25/5/32

Subject (in full)

State of Emergency - Daily Observation.

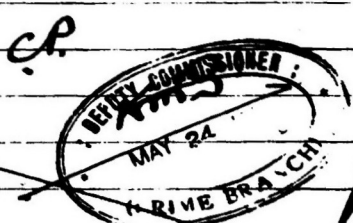
Made by D.S.I. Gash.

Forwarded by *[Signature]*

Sir,

At 1.15 p.m. May 23, the Shanghai North Station area and north of the railway track including Paoshan Road was evacuated by Japanese forces and formally handed over to the Chinese Authorities. The area consists of the former 5th Police District and No.2/5 Sub-Station. The area to the east of Paoshan Road hitherto controlled by 1 and 2 Sub-Stations 5th District, will continue to remain under Japanese jurisdiction for the time being. No untoward incident occurred during the process of handing over.

At 4 p.m. on the Authority of the Defence Committee the barbed wire on the north side of Boundary Road at the corner of Cunningham Road was cut in order to give access to railway employees from the Settlement to the North Station. The opening was closed at 6.30 p.m. by the railway police and will be opened today at the same time as other boundary gates.



[Signature]
D. S. I.

D.D.O. "G"

O.i/c Special Branch.

[Handwritten notes]
St. L. Heaggar and for
Registry Wple.
25.5.32

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

File No.
SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL
C. Sinza Police Station,
No. 10, 3648
Date May 20th, 1932
D. 241 5 132

Subject (in full) Increase of Chinese Police in Chapei.

Made by and Forwarded by Inspector Robertson.

Sir,

I beg to report that in accordance with your instructions, S.I. Campbell and Inspector Rao met a further detachment of Chinese Police from Mantao at Avenue Edward VII and Thibet Road and escorted them on Motor Cycle combination to the Woonen Road Bridge via Thibet and Sinza Roads en route to Chapei.

The contingent consisted of 350 armed men with their equipment under a Sergeant Major named Ng Ding Myuin and were conveyed in 13 motor furniture vans.

Chief Inspector in charge Louza was informed of the fact and route beforehand.

No untoward incident occurred.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

Inspector.

D.O. "B" Division.

Commissioner of Police

Information

Georgina

Re Corin,
Information
P. S. King

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRATION
No. D 3648.
Date 1915 5 22.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

Despatch bearing Character

No. 356 from Public Safety

Translation of Bureau, Shanghai.

May 17, 1932

To

Commissioner Gerrard,

Shanghai Municipal Police.

Sir,

As the policing of the 5th District in Chapei will be taken over in a day or two, this Bureau will send 3 Police Companies, a force of more than 360 officers and men, armed for duty in the district handed over by the Japanese Military Authorities between 1 p.m. and 6 p.m. on the 18th inst. As arranged with you through telephone, transports conveying the police force will proceed to Chapei via Thibet Road and North Thibet Road Bridge, from thence entering Chapei by the iron gate, north of Soochow Creek. Please take note and give due instructions to the police stations concerned accordingly.

Thanking you for your permission for the free passage through the International Settlement.

(Signed):

Wen Ying Hsing

Chief of the Bureau.

SKHO:

Handwritten signature and date 1935

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY
Sinza Police Station,

File No. D 3648
Date May 17th, 1932
18 / 5 / 32

Subject (in full) Public Safety Bureau again policing Chapei

Made by and Forwarded by Inspector Robertson.

Sir,

I beg to report that at about 7.30 A.M. May 16 P.S. Aston on duty at Parkham Road Bridge telephoned the Station reporting 10 Motor furniture vans containing armed Chinese Police in full uniform and equipment had crossed the Bridge from the Settlement into Chapei and that there was no Settlement Police escort accompanying them.

From subsequent enquiries it was learned they had come from Lantau and entered the Settlement at Avenue Foch and Yates Road from French Town and arrived at the Bridge via Yates and Carter Roads.

They had been instructed to proceed via Thibet Road, according to an officer in charge of them named Mr. Li, but, owing to the guides not being very well acquainted with the Settlement they had made a mistake and taken the above route instead. Two more trips were made during the forenoon by the same route under foreign police escorts supplied from Sinza to and from French Town and 300 men and their equipment transported across on each trip making a total of 900 altogether.

These men have now taken over the policing of Chapei from the Japanese Marines, the latter withdrawing their men from their posts on the Bridges in this District at about 8 A.M.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

W Robertson

Inspector.

D.O. "B" Division.

Commissioner of Police

I Inform
W. S. Springfield

D. O. Division 1932

*D.O. (Div.)
Information
If true, it
shows a
lack of foresight
in planning*

W.B.

17/5

FM. 1

Memorandum.

POLICE FORCE,
MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

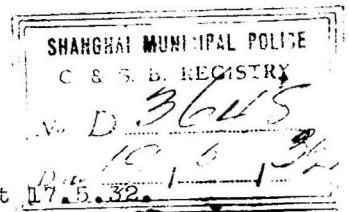
To Reg. Shanghai, May 18 1932.

Please complete
file by adding
any information we
possess about the
actual entry?
Chaper by these police.

B.K.

Please attach and
return to me.

Hewitt. 18/5



Extract From Intelligence Report

Chapei - administration partially restored to Chinese Authorities.

In conformity with arrangements made, seven hundred and fifty policemen of the Public Safety Bureau took over at 9 a.m. May 16 the administration of the area in Chapei (Vide I.R. 16/5/32) evacuated by the Japanese troops. Huang Ming, Officer-in-charge of the Reserve Unit of the Public Safety Bureau, accompanied by other Chinese representatives called at the Headquarters of the 5th Company of the Japanese Marines on Kung Wu Road, formerly used as the Police Training Depot. Having handed over all document to the callers and obtained a receipt therefor, the Japanese marines, about 200 in number, left the area and proceeded eastward. Thereupon, the Chinese Authorities took over all posts, stationing one Peiping policeman and one local constable, each armed with a rifle, at all traffic points. These are assisted by four motor cycle patrols each consisting of 3 Chinese policemen armed with Mauser pistols. Martial Law was declared between 6.30 p.m. and 4 a.m. on May 16/17.

As a temporary measure, the following offices have been established by the Shanghai Municipality :-

<u>Name of the Office and address</u>	<u>Officer-in-Charge</u>	<u>No. of Staff</u>
The Chapei Office of the Public Safety Bureau, Police Training Depot, Kung Wu Road.	Huang Ming (黄明)	200 policemen.
4th District Police Station, 319 Chang An Road.	Wu Chao-ling (吴治萍)	100 "
4th District 1st Sub-Station, Mongolia Rd.	Shun Shih-jeu (盛世驹)	50 "
4th District 2nd Sub-Station, Mai Yuan Rd.	Han Tieh-sien (韩铁仙)	50 "
The Chapei Office of the Detective Department of the Public Safety Bureau, Police Training Depot, Kung Wu Road.	Loo Ying (卢英)	20 detectives

<u>Name of the Office and address</u>	<u>Officer-in-Charge</u>	<u>No. of Staff</u>
Reserve Unit Office, 1036 Sing Ming Rd. Temporary Police Quarters in Kung Sing Theatre, Mongolia Road.	Huang Ling	150 policemen. 220 "
Public Utility Bureau, Chapei Office, 66 Ling Lih Road.	Hsiang Shih-zung (江世宗)	150 road cleaners (These rd. cleaning work at 3 p.m. 16.5)

The Public Safety Bureau commenced the taking of a census of residents in this area at 10 a.m. May 16. Representatives of the Bureau distributed census forms to all residents there to be filled in and forwarded to the Bureau within three days.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL
C & S. B. REGISTER

N. D. 3648.

Extract from Intelligence Report 1344.32.1 5/22.

Chapei- partial evacuation by Japanese military and
resumption of administration by Municipality of Greater
Shanghai

The Joint Commission has notified General Wen, Chief of the Bureau of Public Safety that the Japanese forces will on May 16 evacuate that portion of Chapei bounded by the railway line on the north, by Soochow Creek on the west and south and on the east by a line formed by the Chapei-Settlement Boundary from Soochow Creek to Haining Road extension and continuing direct North to the railway line. The Bureau of Public Safety propose to police this area with 750 men. The small pocket east of this area will continue to be under Japanese jurisdiction for the time being as also will the railway line including the Station and the area north thereof.

Extract from Intelligence Report 16.5.32.

The Peiping Policemen numbering ab-out 448 arrived at Tungkadee Wharf, Mantao Bund, by boats from Quinsan at 9 a.m. May 15 and are now accommodated in the Chien Chwang Guild, 676 Lungkwa Road. They will be transferred to Chapei to-day May 16 to assist in the policing of that area evacuated by the Japanese military. At 5.30 p.m. the same day, Mayor Wu Tien-chen accompanied by Yui Hung-chun, Secretary of the Shanghai Municipality, and General Wen, Chief of the Public Safety Bureau, arrived at the Guild and after an inspection of the policemen addressed them on their duties.

These policemen consist of two corps each composed of 2 groups of 112 men each. Members of three of these groups are armed with rifles while men of the fourth carry Mauser pistols. The staff members of these policemen are as follows :-

<u>Rank</u>	<u>Name</u>
Chief Officer-in-Charge	Major General Lulu (盧錄)
Deputy Chief	Chang Wen-chieh (張文繼)
Chief Training Officer	Ma Hung-su (馬鴻偉)
Officer-in-charge of the 1st Corps.	Liu Wan-chun (劉萬鈞)
Officer-in-charge of the 2nd Corps.	Yen Yung (顏榮)

* See
20.5451

2. 3648
SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

File No.	
SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE	
CS & SIB. REGISTRY	
N. D. 3633	
Date May 16, 1932	
1815	
Public Safety	

Subject (in full)..... Peking Recruits for local Bureau of

Made by Supt. Tan Shao-liang Forwarded by

The Peiping Policemen numbering about 448 arrived at Tungkadoo Wharf, Nantao Bund, by boats from Quinsan at 9 a.m. May 15 and are now accommodated in the Chien Chwang Guild, 676 Lungwa Road. They will be transferred to Chapei to-day May 16 to assist in the policing of that area evacuated by the Japanese military. At 5.30 p.m. the same day, Mayor Wu Tieh-chen accompanied by Yui Hung-chun, Secretary of the Shanghai Municipality, and General Wen, Chief of the Public Safety Bureau, arrived at the Guild and after an inspection of the policemen addressed them on their duties.

These policemen consist of two corps each composed of 2 groups of 112 men each. Members of three of these groups are armed with rifles while men of the fourth carry Mauser pistols.

Tan Shao-liang
Superintendent.

Officer i/c Special Branch.

This information appears in I.R. of 16/5/32

FB

File
18.5.32

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

D 3648.

Date 18/5/32.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

Despatch bearing Character

No. 348 from Public Safety

Translation of Bureau, Shanghai.

May 14.

1932.

To

Commissioner Gerrard,

Shanghai Municipal Police.

Sir,

With reference to the handing over of Chapei to the Chinese Authorities on the 16th instant, this Bureau will send a police force of 750 strong armed for duty in the district taken over from the Japanese Military Authorities. Commencing from the morning of that day motor trucks conveying them will proceed to Chapei via Thibet Road and North Thibet Road Bridge, from thence entering Chapei by the iron gate, north of the Soochow Creek. Please give due instructions to the police stations concerned with respect to the above.

In this connection Mr. Hung Chi, Officer i/c Section for Foreign Affairs was detailed to call on you and had obtained the necessary permission from you, it will be recalled, for the party to pass through the International Settlement which I highly appreciated.

(Signed):

Wen Ying Hsing

Chief of the Bureau.

SKHO:

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

File No. 3648
S. B. REGISTR. Station,
Date May 14, 1932
Date 17, 5, 32

Subject (in full) Chapei - evacuation of certain area by Japanese Military

Made by and Forwarded by Superintendent Robertson

The Joint Commission has notified General Wen, Chief of the Bureau of Public Safety that the Japanese forces will on May 16 evacuate that portion of Chapei bounded by the railway line on the north, by Soochow Creek on the west and south and on the east by a line formed by the Chapei - Settlement Boundary from Soochow Creek to Haining Road extension and continuing direct North to the railway line. The small pocket east of this area will continue to be under Japanese jurisdiction for the time being as also will the railway line including the Station and the area north thereof.

With a view to taking over the policing of the area evacuated by the Japanese Military, the Bureau of Public Safety will on the morning of May 16 seek permission from the Municipal Police for the transit through the Settlement en route from Nantao of Constables as under:

250 to Chapei by way of Thibet Road

165 to Chapei by way of Sinza Road Bridge

335 to Chapei by way of Markham Road Bridge.

Total: 750

J. H. Robertson
Superintendent.

Officer i/c Special Branch

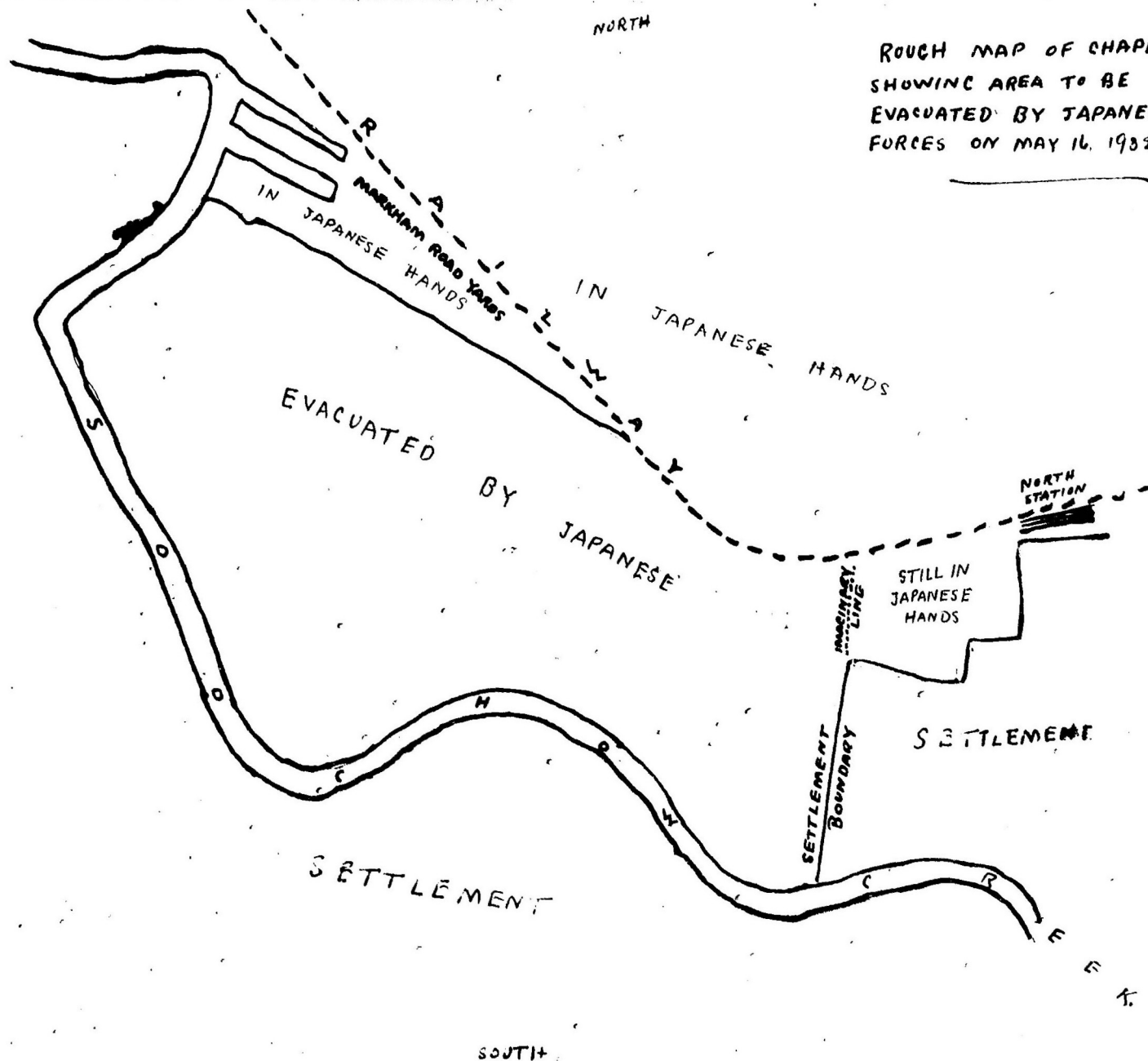
Commissioner of Police,
Sir,

Information: A sketch (rough) showing the district in Chapei which will be evacuated by the Japanese forces on May 16 is attached herewith.

File 774
17, 5, 32

J. H. Evans

O. i/c Sp. Br.
MAY 14 1932



ROUGH MAP OF CHAPEI
SHOWING AREA TO BE
EVACUATED BY JAPANESE
FORCES ON MAY 16, 1932

NORTH

WEST

EAST

SOUTH

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

File No. _____
SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

C. & S. B. REGISTER
S. 1. Station

V. D. 3648.
Date May 16, 1932.
D. 16 / 5 / 32

Subject (in full) Shanghai Municipality - Chapei Administration.

Made by D. I. Sih Tse-liang Forwarded by *Thos Robertson, Supr.*

It is reported that the Municipality of Greater Shanghai has made the following arrangements for the taking over of Chapei following the evacuation by Japanese troops:

1. The Public Health Bureau will send 100 road cleaners to Chapei on May 17 to attend to the road cleaning in Chapei area.
2. The Bureau of Social Affairs is arranging to re-establish a "Poor/Loan Office" in Chapei with a capital of \$10,000 for the relief of poor people.
3. The Public Safety Bureau will start a movement to undertake the following:-
 - a) Taking a census.
 - b) Prohibiting erection of mud-huts and repatriating all unemployed workers to their native place.
 - c) Searching for arms and ammunition.
4. The Bureau of Public Works will attend to removing barricades and other defence works as well as filling up holes in ground.
5. The Land Bureau will attend to registering of title deeds and Fang-Tan in Chapei with a view to checking the missing or loss.
6. The Shanghai Telephone Administration is now repairing the apparatus and machines in the Chapei office at Tatung Road, as well as the trunk line to Quinsan. Efforts are firstly being made to restore the private lines connecting official organizations. The estimated loss suffered by the Company in Chapei is about \$200,000.
7. The Bureau of Education is now inspecting the war effected zone in Chapei in order to ascertain the extent of

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No.

REPORT

.....Station,

Date.....19

Subject (in full).....

Made by.....

Forwarded by.....

- 2 -

damage and loss suffered by schools and cultural
organs as a preliminary step to ^{making} ~~make~~ preparations
for resumption of studies.

Sik Tse Liang
D. I.

Officer i/c Special Branch.

This information appears in I.R of 16/5/32

JR

File
JRS

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

File No.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C & S. B. REGISTRY
Station,

Date May 10, 1932

Subject (in full) Peking Recruits for Local Bureau of Public Safety

Made by Supt. Tan Shao-liang Forwarded by *Thos Robertson, Supt*

500 Policemen from Peiping are expected at Nanking
this afternoon, travelling by train from Nanking.

Tan Shao-liang
Superintendent

Officer i/c Special Branch.

Commissioner of Police,
Sir,

Information.

J. H. Givens

O. i/c Sp. Br.

MAY 10 1932

SI

For Fed. in due course

MS
11:5:32

Memorandum.

POLICE FORCE,
MUNICIPAL COUNCIL,

To: Shanghai, May 5 1932
SI,

For further
report please in
due course.

JH

Sub Lt

now that the
Sino-Japanese Treaty
has been signed.
Gen. Wen may be in
a position to give
exact information regarding
date of arrival of
these men. JR

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY

No. D 3648

Date 6.1.5.732

May 5, 1932

China Evening News:-

The Policing of Chapei.

As the Sino-Japanese peace agreement will be signed soon, the Municipality of Greater Shanghai has issued an order to the Public Safety Bureau directing it to make preparations to police Chapei. Wang Ts Ching, Chief of the Second Department of the Bureau, and other officers have been appointed as duties to undertake this work. A telegram has been sent to Peiping requesting that the 500 policeman already selected be sent to Shanghai within 2 weeks.

Col. Wen Ying Sing, Chief of the Public Safety Bureau, has secured permission from Mayor Wu Te Chen to remit to Peiping one month's pay in advance to these 500 policemen and a sum of \$2,000 as passage money.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

S. B.	Station
SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE	
Date	4 May B. REGISTRY 1932
D. 3455	
15.1.32	

Subject (in full) Peking Recruits for local bureau of Public Safety

Made by and Forwarded by Superintendent Robertson

500 police recruited in Peking are scheduled to arrive in Shanghai about May 11. These men have been engaged by the Shanghai bureau of Public Safety for the purpose of policing Chapei on the restoration to the bureau of police rights in that area. There is every possibility that the arrival of these men will be delayed as there are no indications of immediate restoration to the Municipality of Greater Shanghai of police rights in Chapei.

According to the plans of the bureau of Public Safety these men on arrival will be quartered in Chapei, possibly in the Training Depot of the 4th District, Kung Wo Road Extension.

J. H. Robertson

Superintendent.

Officer i/c Special Branch.

Commissioner of Police

for information

W. E. Evans

O. i/c Sp. B.

4/5 P.A.

MAV 4 1932

Peiping Police For War-Torn Areas Due Soon

1,000 Due This Week
To Police Chapei
And Woosung

Expert Peiping police, numbering more than 1,000, are expected here this week to join the police force of the Bureau of Public Safety when that body regains its authority in Chapei, Woosung and Kiangwan after Japanese troops have withdrawn.

The Peiping "cops," according to bureau officers, are better equipped than the Shanghai constables and their strength will greatly facilitate policing duties in those areas.

Besides other preparations required for taking up its duties in the three areas, the bureau will petition Mayor Wu Te-chen of Greater Shanghai, to make representations to Japanese authorities for an earlier date for the carrying out of the agreement.

Investigators sent out by the bureau to Chapei, Woosung and Kiangwan submitted their reports to bureau on conditions of the various police stations in those areas yesterday. The Chapei investigators reported that the 5th Divisional Police Station, largest Chinese police station in Chapei was destroyed while the 4th and 7th stations have sustained little damage.

They said that Japanese troops were not much in evidence, and while they still occupy the Chenju station, they have vacated other stations.

The 5th and 7th Divisional stations in Woosung and Kiangwan and their branches were reported to have been burned down. New buildings will either be erected or rented by the bureau.

72
SI. Please attach to file
J.H.

293
Fm. 1

Memorandum.

POLICE FORCE,
MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

To S. L. Shanghai, May 3 1932

Please keep in touch with this phase of the Chapei situation and report fresh developments.

Seen by S. (1)

See also S. 31145 on "Chapei Puppet Administration."


6/5/32.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

File No.
SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY
S. 1. Station,

No. D. 3527
Date MAY 2, 1932.
Day 3 5 32.

Subject (in full)..... Plan of Chinese Authorities for restoration of Police
right in Chapei and Woosung.

Made by Supt. Tan Shao Liang Forwarded by Thos Robertson, Insp

A committee consisting of ten members including
Mr. Wong Tz King (王汝文), Chief of the 2nd Department,
Feng Su Lan (冯树兰), Secretary, Lu Ying (卢英), Chief
Detective, Dr. Hung Chi, (洪启), Secretary in foreign
affairs, has been formed in the Public Safety Bureau with
the object of restoring the police administration in Chapei
and Woosung in case of Japanese evacuating these areas.

Mr. Wong Tz King, accompanied by a Japanese
speaking interpreter, had an interview with certain Japanese
Consular officials with a view to securing permission for
their party to visit Chapei for the purpose of making an
inspection. This permission was not granted officially
but certain officers of the Bureau visited Chapei recently
and the Committee is now compiling for the information of
the Chief of the Bureau of Public Safety an estimate for
the re-organization of the police forces in Chapei and
establishment of new ^{stations} in that area.

Whether this scheme will meet with success
depends on the progress of the Sino-Japanese peace negotiations.

Tan Shao Liang
Superintendent

Officer i/c Special Branch.

Commissioner of Police,

Sir,

Information

W. G. Evans

O. i/c Sp. Br.

MAY 2 1932

Bureau Of Public Safety Conducts Survey Of Chapei

Accord Reached Recently Between Japanese And Mayor Wu

A preliminary investigation into the conditions of Chinese police stations in Chapei, Woosung, and Kiangwan as the first step towards the actual resumption of patrolling duties in those areas by Chinese police was conducted yesterday by 18 members of Bureau of Public Safety.

The investigators are expected to turn in their reports to General Wen Ying-hsing, head of the bureau today. The Police Duties Resumption Committee which consists of Mr. Feng Su-lang, secretary of the bureau, Mr. Lu Ying, head of detective department and three other department heads will make a careful study on the subjects of how to best rebuild police stations demolished by fire, and other matters pertaining to the policing of those areas.

Interviewed yesterday by a China Press representative Mr. Feng Su-lang, secretary of the bureau said that there has been an understanding between Mayor Wu Teh-chen and Japanese authorities on the matter some time ago, but the committee ordered by him only met on April 30. Several important resolutions were reached.

Reorganization First Step

The chief problems confronting the committee, it was stated, are

those pertaining to finance and reorganization of the police in the devastated areas. There were before the war 18 divisional police stations in the three areas and each of these needs approximately \$2,000 for repair. Expense for their equipment were said to be high and hard to figure out unless investigators can do the job with care.

Conscription of new policemen was said to be another problem. Formerly the bureau had 1,700 men in Chapei, Woosung and Kiangwan, but half of them are missing. Their disappearance may constitute a danger to the city in view of the fact that they possess guns. The bureau, however, is trying to collect those guns and will re-admit those policemen to its service if they return with guns.

To Use Japanese Police Force

The head of the 1st Division of Chinese Police in Chapei will be changed. Wang Hsin-sheng, head of the second department of the bureau was recommended but the final decision rests with General Wen Ying-hsing.

Japanese investigation will be temporarily lifted by the police divisions in Chapei, Woosung, and Kiangwan because when the bureau takes up the investigation, general cooperation with Japanese may necessitate their withdrawal, it was said.

The proposed reorganization of Japanese police force in Chapei and Woosung and Kiangwan is being studied.

SI, For verification and
report early please.
JH

April 5, 1932.

Miscellaneous (3)

Census of residents in Nanteo and City

The Public Safety Bureau on April 4 commenced a census of residents in Nanteo and City.

Nice Hong Museum

In compliance with a decision reached on March 2. (Vide Ltr. 30/3/32), the Shanghai Nice Hong Museum have rented 33 Kunming Road (李德里) Shanghai, to be used as a nice museum which will open to the public on April 6, 1932.

Shanghai Police - re-organized

The 400 Chinese policemen formerly attached to the 4th and 5th District Police Stations, Shanghai, who assembled in the Hwei Sing Guild, Arsenal Road on March 4 (Vide Ltr. 5/3/32) were reorganized into the Reserve Unit of the Chinese Police in the middle of March.

Officer i/c Special Branch.

attach
to file
on Shanghai
Police.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY

N.S.D. 3433

Date April 1, 1932.

Subject (in full) Proposed reorganization of the Chinese Police

Made by Supt. Tan Shao-liang Forwarded by The Robertson, Supt

Dr. Rudolph Muck, Police Advisor to the national Government, is expected in Shanghai from Nanking in a few days to discuss with General Wen Ying Sing certain measures for the re-organization of the Chinese Police administration. I understand that amongst other things, he has suggested that a special office be formed with foreigners (Europeans) employed as members so as to deal with cases wherein foreigners are involved. He has also, it is reported, suggested that the service of every employee in the force should be made permanent.

The recruiting of 500 policemen from Peking was made at his advice.

Tan Shao-liang
Superintendent

Officer i/c Special Branch.

Commissioner of Police,

Sir,

Information and former
of return.

J. H. Givens

File
2:4:32

PEIPING POLICE COMING HERE

**500 Northerners Are Ordered
Selected For Shanghai**

PEIPING, March 28.—(Reuters).—The excellent reputation they have long enjoyed promises to get yet another job for the Peiping police. The Ministry of Home Affairs has sent instructions to the local Bureau of Public Safety to select 500 Peiping police for service in the Shanghai area.

The ministry says that when Japanese forces evacuate the areas they now hold police will be needed to maintain order and that as the police of this city are generally considered the best in the country 500 of them must be drafted southwards.

In compliance with this instruction the bureau is selecting 10 commissioned officers, 30 sergeants and 460 constables for service in Shanghai.

It will be recalled that after the capture of Peiping by the Nationalists in 1928 a large body of Peiping police was drafted southwards to take over the policing of the new capital, Nanking.

SI,

Please check and note in
Daily Intelligence Report. *W*

3:32